FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

And Report of Independent Auditor



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Report of Independent Auditor

To the Board of County Commissioners
Tyrrell County, North Carolina

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tyrrell County, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statement of the Tyrrell County ABC Board (the "Board"). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Tyrrell County Tourism Development Authority (The "Authority") and the Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 7 to the basic financial statements, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits other than Pensions* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. As a result, net position as of June 30, 2017 has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Financial Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplementary Information, Statistical Section, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual financial statements and schedules, other supplemental information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual financial statements and schedules, other supplemental information, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2018 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 30, 2018

Chuny Belaert LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

As management of Tyrrell County (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

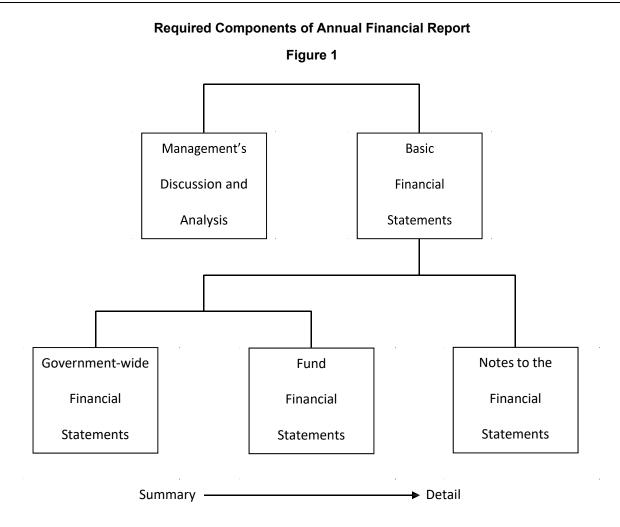
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$14,707,120 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$89,144 (including restatement).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,963,538 after a net decrease in fund balances of \$805,950. Approximately 39.42% of this total amount, or \$772,546, is restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$22,659 or .34% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The County's total debt increased by \$591,483 (5.04%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in the increase was the increase in the County's other postemployment employment benefit liabilities and net pension liabilities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of the following three components; 1.) government-wide financial statements, fun financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the County.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018



The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the notes. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, supplemental information is provided to show details about the County's major and non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the County's pension plans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide services. These include the water and sewer offered by County. The final category is the component units. The County ABC Board and the Tourism Authority are legally separate from the County however the County is financially accountable for these Boards by appointing its members. Also, the ABC Board is required to distribute its profits to the County.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County adopts an annual budget for its general Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decision of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Proprietary Funds – The County has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity operations. These funds are the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County has four fiduciary funds, which are presented as agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 23 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 66 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. However, Tyrrell County's statutory obligation to finance school construction results in significant liabilities without any corresponding assets. As with many counties in North Carolina, the County's deficit in unrestricted net position is due primarily to the portion of the County's outstanding debt incurred for the Board of Education within Tyrrell County. Under North Carolina law, the County is responsible for providing capital funding for the school system. The County meets is legal obligation to provide school system capital funding through both current appropriations and issuance of installment purchase debt. Although certain asset purchases and construction projects are funded by the County, all such facilities are owned and utilized by the school system.

The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$14,707,120 as of June 30, 2018. The County's net position increased by \$89,144 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. One of the largest portions \$15,939,678 (108.4%) reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment). The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position \$945,476 (6.4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of (\$2,178,034) (-14.8%) is unrestricted. This number is affected negatively by the fact that the County carries debt in the amount of \$909,369 as of June 30, 2018 for the School Gymnasium but not the related capital asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2017 2018		Business Type Activities 2017		Business Type Activities 2018		Total Primary Government 2017		G	Total Primary overnment 2018	
Assets											
Current and other assets	\$ 3,486,024	\$	2,791,834	\$	1,059,592	\$	1,515,426	\$	4,545,616	\$	4,307,260
Capital assets	3,300,703		3,274,915		16,873,057		18,879,150		20,173,760		22,154,065
Total assets	 6,786,727		6,066,749		17,932,649		20,394,576		24,719,376		26,461,325
Deferred outflows of resources	 549,727		429,613	_	76,596	_	52,747	_	626,323	_	482,360
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	157,085		234,023		35,334		473,778		192,419		707,801
Total long-term liabilities	5,377,976		5,809,092		5,100,187		5,260,554		10,478,163		11,069,646
Total liabilities	 5,535,061		6,043,115	_	5,135,521	_	5,734,332	_	10,670,582		11,777,447
Deferred inflows of resources	 53,238		411,608	_	3,899	_	47,511	_	57,137	_	459,119
Net position											
Net investment in capital assets	1,569,611		1,745,528		12,132,057		14,194,150		13,701,668		15,939,678
Restricted	1,463,312		841,665		96,920		103,811		1,560,232		945,476
Unrestricted	(1,284,769)		(2,545,553)		640,848		367,519		(643,921)		(2,178,034)
Total net position	\$ 1,748,154	\$	41,640	\$	12,869,825	\$	14,665,480	\$	14,617,979	\$	14,707,120

Several key aspects of the County's financial operations are as follows:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining an overall collection percentage of approximately 95%.
- Capital contributions from other governments of \$2,136,402 were received and used for major construction on the County's sewer system.
- The County received several grants to fund various improvement projects in the County such as the Scuppernong River Park Bulkhead and Road Street Improvements Project.
- Management approved extending the water lines on Newlands Road to accommodate new customers.
- Management's proactive stance on monitoring spending across County departments to ensure compliance with the budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

	vernmental Activities 2017	Go	overnmental Activities 2018		Business Type Activities 2017	Business Type Activities 2018		Total Primary Government 2017		Total Primary overnment 2018
Revenues										
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services	\$ 280,476	\$	343,925	\$	1,119,450	\$ 1,357,709	\$	1,399,926	\$	1,701,634
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,478,557		1,258,441		-	-		1,478,557		1,258,441
Capital Grants and Contributions	180,162		115,132		901,605	2,136,402		1,081,767		2,251,534
General Revenues								-		-
Property Taxes	3,766,099		3,941,830		-	-		3,766,099		3,941,830
Other Taxes	775,151		856,054		-	-		775,151		856,054
Other	 140,255		147,443		2,822	 6,377		143,077		153,820
Total Revenues	6,620,700		6,662,825		2,023,877	 3,500,488		8,644,577		10,163,313
Expenses										
General government	1,726,495		1,595,760		-	_		1,726,495		1,595,760
Public safety	1,842,414		1,979,033		-	-		1,842,414		1,979,033
Human services	1,958,267		2,047,390		-	-		1,958,267		2,047,390
Education	691,098		710,718		-	-		691,098		710,718
Environmental protection	461,761		476,887		-	-		461,761		476,887
Economic and physical development	235,451		364,059		-	-		235,451		364,059
Cultural and recreational	166,689		165,729		-	-		166,689		165,729
Interest on Debt	57,851		52,532		-	-		57,851		52,532
Water and Sewer					1,425,736	1,434,712		1,425,736		1,434,712
Total Expenses	7,140,026		7,392,108		1,425,736	1,434,712		8,565,762		8,826,820
Increase (decrease) in net position	 (519,326)	_	(729,283)	_	598,141	 2,065,776		78,815	_	1,336,493
Net Position, beginning as previously reported Cumulative effect of change in	2,267,480		1,748,154		12,271,684	12,869,825		14,539,164		14,617,979
accounting principle	 		(977,231)			 (270,121)				(1,247,352)
Net Position, beginning restated	2,267,480		770,923		12,271,684	 12,599,704		14,539,164		13,370,627
Net Position, ending	\$ 1,748,154	\$	41,640	\$	12,869,825	\$ 14,665,480	\$	14,617,979	\$	14,707,120

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$729,283 (including the restatement). Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The implementation of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment of \$977,231 decreasing Net Position.
- The transfer of \$345,041 in Emergency Telephone System Funds to Dare County for the operation of the Dare/Tyrrell/Hyde Consolidated E911 Center.
- A decrease in intergovernmental revenues.
- New LCID Fee was implemented
- Increase in Property Taxes collected
- Decrease in SW Fees collected
- Increase in Local Option Sales Taxes
- Increase in Interest Income earned on investments
- Increase in Salaries and benefits
- Increase in inmate detention costs
- Increase in Emergency Management for capital expenditures
- Increase in Emergency Medical Services costs
- Increase in LCID operation costs
- Increase in lease expenditure for DSS Building
- Increase in Education expenditures for Social Worker position at the schools

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Business-type Activities – Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$2,065,776. Key elements for this overall increase were:

- The implementation of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment of \$270,121 decreasing Net Position.
- Capital contributions from other governments in the Alligator Sewer capital project.
- An increase in water and sewer revenues as a result of adding new customers and the implementation
 of an availability fee for sewer connections.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund decreased total budgeted revenues by \$98,369.

Capital Assets – The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2018, totals \$22,154,065 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, construction in process, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Scuppernong River Park Bulkhead
- Cahoon Center Parking Lot Improvements
- 2017 Ford F350 for use by Emergency Management
- Furniture and fixtures for Department of Social Services
- Water Plant Motor with Space Heater and Meter Replacement Registers
- Water Line Extension on Newlands Road

	 vernmental Activities	Governmental Activities		ernmental Type		Business Busi Type Ty Activities Activ		Total Primary Government		G	Total Primary overnment
	2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018
Land	\$ 843,758	\$	843,758	\$	68,261	\$	68,261	\$	912,019	\$	912,019
Buildings & Improvements	1,943,451		2,078,894		9,278		7,655		1,952,729		2,086,549
Equipment and motorized vehicle	357,445		334,336		281,166		229,856		638,611		564,192
Plant and distribution system	-		-		15,941,691		15,765,729		15,941,691		15,765,729
Construction in Process	156,049		17,927		572,661		2,807,649		728,710		2,825,576
Total Capital assets, net	\$ 3,300,703	\$	3,274,915	\$	16,873,057	\$	18,879,150	\$	20,173,760	\$	22,154,065

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.5 of the Basic Financial Statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Long-term Debt – As of June 30, 2018, the County had total debt outstanding of \$11,069,646. This debt consists of term debt with the United States Department of Agriculture for renovations of the court facilities. Bank financed installment agreement for the tax department computers and software and term debt for the construction of the school gymnasium. Revenue bonds for the construction of both water and sewer projects. It also consists of compensated absences, net pension liabilities, and other postemployment benefits.

	Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities						 Business Type Activities	Business Type Activities	G	Total Primary Jovernment	G	Total Primary overnment
		2017		2018	2017	2018		2017		2018				
Term Debt	\$	1,676,689	\$	1,490,026	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,676,689	\$	1,490,026				
Installment purchase		54,403		39,361	-	-		54,403		39,361				
Revenue bonds		-		-	4,741,000	4,685,000		4,741,000		4,685,000				
Net pension liabilities		753,041		586,040	89,296	67,165		842,337		653,205				
Compensated absences		123,455		126,595	28,973	21,971		152,428		148,566				
Other postemployment benefits		2,770,388		3,567,070	240,918	486,419		3,011,306		4,053,488				
Total Capital assets, net	\$	5,377,976	\$	5,809,092	\$ 5,100,187	\$ 5,260,554	\$	10,478,163	\$	11,069,646				

Tyrrell County's total liabilities increased by \$591,483 during the past year primarily due to the implementation of GASB 75 and the resulting OPEB liability.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 3.B.8 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the County:

- Increase in farmland production.
- Visitor center traffic increased.
- Increase in crabbing/aquaculture provided additional employment and revenue.
- Assisted Living Center provided additional economic engine.
- Local entities such as winery (for-profit) and arts/crafts school (non-profit) attracted visitors and spending.
- County sewer expansion and updated Scuppernong River Park.
- Numerous public infrastructure projects enhanced employment opportunities.
- Marked increase in hunting and birding.
- Sale of Alligator Marina began improvements to increase traffic.
- New Duck Thru increased employment opportunities and sales.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities – Budgeted expenditures for other than salaries and benefits are expected to remain relatively constant. Budgeted salaries increased 2% County wide.

Business-type Activities – The County does not foresee an increase in the water/sewer rates during the 2019 fiscal year due to water rates being increased effective March 1, 2015 and a sewer availability fee being put into place in November 2017. Capital contributions for the Alligator Sewer Project are expected to increase as the project comes to fruition.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the county's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the County Manager, Tyrrell County, Post Office Box 449, Columbia, NC 27925.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT 1 – STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities		Total Primary overnment	Tyrrell County Tourism Development Authority		Tyrı	rell County ABC Board
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,380,099	\$ 832,531	\$	2,212,630	\$	-	\$	110,958
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	520,409	103,811		624,220		24,680		-
Receivables, net	567,726	449,483		1,017,209		1,044		-
Due from other governments	358,257	28,492		386,749		=		-
Internal balances	(40,481)	40,481		-		-		-
Prepaids	582	-		582		-		-
Inventories	-	60,628		60,628		-		54,042
Net pension asset - ROD	5,242	-		5,242		-		-
Capital assets:								
Nondepreciable	861,685	2,875,910		3,737,595		-		21,735
Depreciable, net	2,413,230	16,003,240		18,416,470		-		306,108
Total capital assets	3,274,915	18,879,150		22,154,065		_		327,843
Total assets	6,066,749	20,394,576		26,461,325		25,724		492,843
Deferred outflows of resources	429,613	52,747		482,360				3,914
1.1-1.1141								
Liabilities	000 000	470 770		707.004		F.4		05.040
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	233,823	473,778		707,601		54		35,212
Customer deposits Long-term liabilities:	200	-		200		-		-
Net pension liability - LGERS	468,302	67,165		535,467		-		4,278
Net pension liability - LEOSSA	117,738	-		117,738		-		-
Due in less than one year	234,017	80,000		314,017		-		14,267
Due in more than one year	4,989,034	5,113,389		10,102,423		_		135,428
Total long-term liabilities	5,809,092	5,260,554		11,069,646		_		153,973
Total liabilities	6,043,115	5,734,332		11,777,447		54		189,185
Deferred inflows of resources	411,608	47,511	_	459,119		<u> </u>		2,008
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,745,528	14,194,150		15,939,678		-		178,148
Stabilization by State statute	367,517	_		367,517		_		_
Controlled substance tax	5,544			5,544				
HAVA grant funds	8,805	_		8,805		_		_
Drug forfeiture funds	37,847	_		37,847		_		_
Court facilities	41,392	_		41,392		-		-
Register of Deeds	10,072	=		10,072		-		_
School capital outlay	220,316	_		220,316		-		-
USDA reserve	59,350	103,811		163,161		-		_
Tax revaluation	22,981	-		22,981		-		-
Tourism Development	-	_				25,670		_
Capital improvements	67,841	_		67,841		20,010		_
Working capital	07,041	-		07,041		-		13,690
Unrestricted	(2,545,553)	367,519		(2,178,034)		-		113,726
Total net position	\$ 41,640	\$ 14,665,480	\$	14,707,120		25,670	\$	305,564

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT 2 – STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Program Revenues										
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions			Capital Grants and ontributions				
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	1,595,760		24,869		33,223	\$	15,302				
Public safety		1,979,033		303,727		86,536		· -				
Human services		2,047,390		-		1,117,635		-				
Education		710,718		-		-		-				
Environmental protection		476,887		-		21,047		-				
Economic and physical development		364,059		-				-				
Cultural and recreational		165,729		15,329				99,830				
Interest on debt		52,532		-		-						
Total governmental activities		7,392,108		343,925		1,258,441		115,132				
Business-type activities:												
Water and sewer		1,434,712		1,357,709		-		2,136,402				
Total business-type activities		1,434,712		1,357,709		-		2,136,402				
Total primary government	\$	8,826,820	\$	1,701,634	\$	1,258,441	\$	2,251,534				
Component units:												
Tyrrell Tourism Development Authority	\$	4,580	\$	6,517	\$	-	\$	-				
Tyrrell County ABC Board		447,638		460,594		-						
Total component units	\$	452,218	\$	467,111	\$	-	\$	-				

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT 2 – STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position													
		Pri	mary (Government	Tyrrell C	ountv								
Functions/Programs		vernmental Activities	Вι	usiness-type Activities	Total	Tourism Development Authority		C	Tyrrell County C Board					
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	(1,522,366)	\$	_	\$ (1,522,366)	\$	-	\$	_					
Public safety	•	(1,588,770)	*	_	(1,588,770)	•	_	•	_					
Human Services		(929,755)		_	(929,755)		_		_					
Education		(710,718)		_	(710,718)		_		_					
Environmental protection		(455,840)		_	(455,840)		_		_					
Economic and physical development		(364,059)		_	(364,059)		_		_					
Cultural and recreational		(50,570)			(50,570)		_							
Interest on debt		(52,532)		_	(52,532)		_		_					
Total governmental activities		(5,674,610)			(5,674,610)									
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewer				2,059,399	2,059,399									
Total business-type activities		<u>-</u>		2,059,399	2,059,399									
Total business-type activities				2,009,099	2,009,099									
Total primary government		(5,674,610)		2,059,399	(3,615,211)									
Component units:														
Tyrrell Tourism Development Authority		_		-	-		1,937		_					
Tyrrell County ABC Board									12,956					
Total component units							1,937		12,956					
General revenues:														
Property taxes, levied for general purpose		3,941,830		-	3,941,830		-		-					
Local option sales taxes		820,755		-	820,755									
Other taxes and licenses		35,299		-	35,299		-		-					
Unrestricted intergovernmental		61,062		-	61,062		-		_					
Investment earnings, unrestricted		28,836		6,377	35,213		19		250					
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		57,545		-	57,545		-		-					
Total general revenues and transfers		4,945,327		6,377	4,951,704		19		250					
Change in net position		(729,283)		2,065,776	1,336,493		1,956		13,206					
Net position - beginning		1,748,154		12,869,825	14,617,979		23,714		229,745					
Prior Period Adjustment		(977,231)		(270,121)	(1,247,352)				62,613					
Net position - beginning, as restated		770,923		12,599,704	13,370,627		23,714		292,358					
,				_,	, ,		<u>-, </u>		,					
Net position - ending	\$	41,640	\$	14,665,480	\$14,707,120	\$	25,670	\$	305,564					

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT 3 – BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

		Major	N	on-Major		
	-			Other		Total
			Gov	vernmental	Go	vernmental
		General		Funds	-	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,380,099	\$	_	\$	1,380,099
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		300,093		220,316		520,409
Receivables, net		558,549		9,177		567,726
Prepaids		582		_		582
Due from other funds		106		_		106
Due from other governments		266,512		91,745		358,257
Total assets	\$	2,505,941	\$	321,238	\$	2,827,179
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	233,823	\$	_	\$	233,823
Customer deposits		200		_		200
Due to other funds		30,191		10,396		40,587
Total liabilities		264,214		10,396	-	274,610
Deferred inflows of resources		589,031				589,031
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids		582		_		582
Restricted:						332
Stabilization by State Statute		276,991		90,526		367,517
Controlled substance tax		5,544		-		5,544
HAVA grant funds		8,805		_		8,805
Drug forfeiture funds		37,847		_		37,847
Court facilities		41,392		_		41,392
Register of Deeds		10,072		_		10,072
School capital outlay		- -		220,316		220,316
USDA reserve		59,350		-		59,350
Tax revaluation		22,981		_		22,981
Committed:						
Capital outlay		67,841		-		67,841
Assigned:						
Recreation		46,061		-		46,061
Fire Protection		25,262		-		25,262
Subsequent year's expenditures		1,027,309		-		1,027,309
Unassigned		22,659		<u> </u>		22,659
Total fund balances		1,652,696		310,842		1,963,538
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund						
balances	\$	2,505,941	\$	321,238	\$	2,827,179

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 3 — RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Ending fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 1,963,538
Capital assets are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds	3,274,915
Net pension asset - ROD	5,242
Net pension liabilities - LGERS and LEOSSA	(586,040)
Pension & OPEB related deferrals	57,583
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes and special assessments receivable	549,454
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(5,223,051)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 41,640

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 4 – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues	 -				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,905,286	\$	-	\$	3,905,286
Other taxes	508,994		-		508,994
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	61,062		-		61,062
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	1,284,418		475,376		1,759,794
Licenses and permits	264,206		-		264,206
Sales and services	25,229		-		25,229
Interest earned on investments	27,305		1,531		28,836
Miscellaneous	68,357		-		68,357
Total revenues	6,144,857		476,907		6,621,764
Expenditures					
Current:	4 400 200		40.404		4 500 550
General government	1,490,369		13,184		1,503,553
Public safety	1,462,491		347,562		1,810,053
Economic and physical development	346,625		15,302		361,927
Human services	2,040,897		-		2,040,897
Cultural and recreational	165,729		101 101		165,729
Education	582,595		101,404		683,999
Environmental protection	476,887		400 220		476,887
Capital outlay Debt service:	-		108,229		108,229
	43,889		104 525		220 424
Principal payments			184,535		228,424
Interest and fees	 30,258 6,639,740		22,274 792,490		52,532 7,432,230
Total expenditures	 6,639,740	-	792,490	-	7,432,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (494,883)		(315,583)		(810,466)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets	3,261		-		3,261
Other	-		1,255		1,255
Transfers in	30,000		5,169		35,169
Transfers out	 (4,203)		(30,966)		(35,169)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 29,058		(24,542)		4,516
Net change in fund balances	(465,825)		(340,125)		(805,950)
Fund balance - beginning	 2,118,521		650,967		2,769,488
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,652,696	\$	310,842	\$	1,963,538

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 4 – RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activit	ies are different be	ecause:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (805,950)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreci	s and reported a	s depreciation	(25,788)
Capital Outlay	\$	176,342	
Depreciation Other asset activity		(201,016) (1,114)	
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current findunds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This a differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	ancial resources o	of governmental	201,705
Revenues reported in the Statement of Activities that do not pro recorded as revenues in the fund statements.	ovide current resc	ources are not	36,544
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities does not requested resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government.	•'	urrent financial	 (135,794)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ (729,283)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 5 – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

		Gene	eral Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	e 2 024 440	ф 2.024.440	ф 2.00F.20C ф	72.067
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes	\$ 3,831,419		\$ 3,905,286 \$,
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	521,077 62,000	,	508,994 61.062	(12,083) (938)
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	1,470,963	,	1,284,418	(82,347
Licenses and permits	263,091	262,991	264,206	1,215
Sales and services	30,944	,	25,229	(5,715
Interest earned on investments	7,000		26,392	19,392
Miscellaneous	17,077	23,006	68,357	45,351
Total revenues	6,203,571	6,105,202	6,143,944	38,742
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	1,634,729	1,654,241	1,490,369	163,872
Public safety	1,444,314	1,503,340	1,437,491	65,849
Economic and physical development	470,233	396,173	346,625	49,548
Human services	2,308,141	2,242,350	2,040,897	201,453
Cultural and recreational	166,022	166,022	165,729	293
Education	582,595	,	582,595	-
Environmental protection Debt service:	547,732	515,732	476,887	38,845
Principal payments Interest and fees	74,148	74,148	43,889 30,258	30,259 (30,258
Total expenditures	7,227,914	7,134,601	6,614,740	519,861
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,024,343		(470,796)	(558,603
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	10,000	13,200	3,261	(9,939
Transfers out	10,000	(5,169)	(4,203)	966
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,000		(942)	(8,973
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(1,014,343) (1,021,368)	(471,738)	549,630
Appropriated fund balance	1,014,343	1,021,368	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1,021,368
Net Change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(471,738) \$	•
Fund Balances: Beginning of year, July 1	•		2,033,612	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
End of year, June 30			1,561,874	
The legally budgeted Revaluation Fund and Capital (consolidated into the General Fund for reporting pure	•			
	puses.		040	
Investment earnings			913	
Expenditures - general government			(25,000)	
Transfers from other funds			30,000	
Fund Balance, Beginning of year			84,909 90,822	
Fund Balance, End of year			\$ 1,652,696	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT 6 – STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND

JUNE 30, 2018

	Total Proprietary Funds	
Assets		<u> </u>
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 832,5	31
Other receivables, net	477,9	
Inventories	60,6	
Due from other funds	40,4	
Total current assets	1,411,6	
Noncurrent assets		
Cash and Investments - Restricted	103,8	11
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	18,879,1	
Total noncurrent assets	18,982,9	
Total assets	20,394,5	
Deferred outflows of resources	52,7	47
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	473,7	78
Current portion of bonds	80,0	00
Total current liabilities	553,7	78
Noncurrent liabilities		
Notes payable, net of current portion	4,605,0	00
Compensated absences, net of current portion	21,9	70
Net pension liability - LGERS	67,1	65
Other postemployment benefits liability	486,4	19
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,180,5	54
Total liabilities	5,734,3	32
Deferred inflows of resources	47,5	11_
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	14,194,1	50
Restricted	103,8	
Unrestricted	367,5	
Total net position	\$ 14,665,4	.80

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 7 – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND

	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 1,357,709
Total operating revenues	1,357,709
Operating expenses	
Salaries and employee benefits	399,595
Operating expenses	446,978
Depreciation	456,350
Total operating expenses	1,302,923
Operating income (loss)	54,786
Nonoperating revenue (expense)	
Interest earned on investments	6,377
Interest	(131,789)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(125,412)
Income (loss) before contributions	(70,626)
Capital Contributions	2,136,402
Change in net position	2,065,776
Total net position - beginning	12,869,825
Prior Period Adjustment - OPEB	(270,121)
Total net position - beginning as restated	12,599,704
Total net position - ending	\$ 14,665,480

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT 8 – STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND

	Prop	Total rietary Funds
Operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	1,049,099
Cash paid for goods and services		9,243
Cash paid to employees for services		(410,736)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		647,606
Noncapital financing activities		
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		(40,481)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(92,420)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(132,901)
Capital and related financing activities		
Capital from contributions from other agencies		2,136,402
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,462,443)
Sales tax refunds - capital projects Purchase of investments		
Interest paid on long term debt		(131,789)
Principal paid on long term debt		(56,000)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(513,830)
Investing activities		
Investment earnings		6,377
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities	-	6,377
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7,252
		1,232
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		929,090
End of year	\$	936,342
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities:		
Operating Income (loss)	\$	54,786
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)		
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		450.050
Depreciation		456,350
Net pension expense		2,029
OPEB expense		18,453
Change in assets and liabilities:		(000.040)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(308,610)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		17,777
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		438,444 (7,003)
Increase (decrease) in other post employment benefits liability		(24,620)
Total adjustments		592.820
·		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	647,606
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Unrestricted		832,531
Restricted		103,811
Total	\$	936,342

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS EXHIBIT 9 – STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITIONS – FIDUCIARY FUND

JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Funds		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		533	
Total assets		533	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	533	
Total liabilities	\$	533	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of Tyrrell County and its component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a five-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units; legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The Tyrrell County ABC Board (the Board) and the Tyrrell County Tourism Development Authority (the Authority), which have a June 30 year-end, are presented as if they were separate proprietary funds of the County (discrete presentation).

Component Unit	Reporting Method	Criteria for Inclusion	For Separate Financial Statements
Tyrrell County ABC Board	Discrete	The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County.	Tyrrell County ABC Board Post Office Box 449 Columbia, NC 27925
Tyrrell County Tourism Development Authority	Discrete	The members of the Authority's governing board are appointed by the County. The County can remove any commissioner of the Authority with or without cause.	None issued.

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Revaluation fund and the Capital Outlay fund are legally budgeted funds under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 they are consolidated in the General Fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the operations of the water and sewer system within the County.

The County reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds – Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Social Services fund, which accounts for moneys deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Fines and Forfeitures fund, which accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to the Tyrrell County Board of Education; and the Deed of Trust Fee fund which accounts for the five dollars of each fee collected by the register of deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage and of each fee collected by the register of deeds for registering or filing a deed of trust or mortgage and is remitted to the State Treasurer on a monthly basis.

Non-major Funds – The County maintains several non-major funds. The Emergency Telephone System fund, School Capital Outlay fund and the Flood Mitigation Assistance fund are reported as a non-major special revenue funds. The Cahoon Center Site Improvements Project fund, Estuarine Access Park fund and the Road Street Project fund are reported as capital projects funds. In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property Taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable on these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

C. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the following Special Revenue Funds: Revaluation Fund, School Capital Outlay Fund, Capital Outlay Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, and the Water and Sewer Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and the project level for the multi-year funds. The County Manager has the authority to transfer the budget between line item expenditures within a department, excluding salary and benefit line items. The governing board must approve all other amendments. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County, the Authority and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County, the Authority, and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County, the Authority and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County, the Authority, and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The County's investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools monies from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Authority and the ABC Board consider demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Tyr	rell County Restricted Cash	
Governmental Activities:		
General Fund	HAVA grant funds	\$ 8,805
General Fund	Customer deposits	200
General Fund	Drug forfeiture funds	37,847
General Fund	Court facilities funds	41,392
General Fund	Register of Deeds	10,072
General Fund	USDA reserve	59,350
General Fund	Capital improvements	67,841
General Fund	Recreation	46,061
General Fund	Tax revaluation	22,981
General Fund	Controlled substance tax	5,544
School Capital Outlay Fund	Unexpended Public School Building Funds	 220,316
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 520,409
Business-Type Activities		
Water Fund	USDA reserve	\$ 103,811
Total Business-Type Activities		\$ 103,811
Tyrrell County Tour	ism Development Authority Restricted Cash	
Business-Type Activities	Unexpended occupancy tax funds	\$ 24,680
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 24,680

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the County and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when consumed. The inventory of the County's enterprise funds and the ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption or resale. The cost of the inventory carried in the County's enterprise funds and the ABC Board is recorded as an expense as it is consumed or sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, improvements, substations, lines and other plant and distribution systems, infrastructure, furniture, equipment and vehicles, \$5,000. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Any interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund type capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	50 years
Improvements	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	6 years
Computer equipment	3 years

Property, plant and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	20 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years
Vehicles	3-5 years
Leasehold improvements	10-20 years
Computer equipment	3 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow or resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and therefore, it will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet the criterion – pension and OPEB related deferrals and contributions made to the OPEB and pension plan in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so it will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has three items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, OPEB, and pension related deferrals.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. An expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned in the County's government-wide, proprietary fund, and ABC Board statements. The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the County nor the ABC Board has any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position – Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Prepaids – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents resources that have already been spent for expenditures that will be incurred.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted by Stabilization of State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by state statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted Controlled Substance Tax Funds – portion of fund balance that is restricted for law enforcement agencies to deter and investigate crimes, especially drug offenses by state statute [G.S. 105-113.105].

Restricted HAVA Grant Funds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for expenditures to improve the administration of federal elections and to meet the requirements of Title III of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (HAVA).

Restricted Drug Forfeiture Funds – portion of fund balance that is restricted for law enforcement purposes by state statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Court Facilities – portion of fund balance that is restricted to provide, maintain, and construct court room and related judicial facilities by state statutes [G.S. 7A-304(a)(2), G.S. 7A-305(a), 7A-306(a), and 7A-307(a)].

Restricted for Register of Deeds – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.

Restricted for School Capital Outlay- portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source that can only be used for school capital outlay.

Restricted for Tax Revaluation – portion of fund balance that can only be used for tax revaluation by state statute [G.S. 153A-150].

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of Tyrrell County's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Capital Outlay – portion of fund balance that can only be used for governmental capital construction, improvement projects, and other capital outlay.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Tyrrell County governing board has budgeted.

Recreation – portion of fund balance that is appropriated for recreation purposes.

Fire Protection – portion of fund balance that is appropriated for the future purchase of a fire truck.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorized the manager to modify the appropriations within departments in a fund, excluding salaries or other benefit line items.

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Tyrrell County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it's in the best interest of the County.

12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and when the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and are payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

E. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between total fund balance for the governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of (\$1,921,898) consists of several elements as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are, therefore, not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide	
statement in governmental activities column	\$ 6,585,073
Less accumulated depreciation	(3,310,158)
Net capital assets	3,274,915
Pension related deferrals	57,583
Net pension asset	5,242
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes and special assessments	549,454
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements	
Notes payable	(1,529,387)
Net pension liabilities - LGERS and LEOSSA	(586,040)
Other postemployment benefits	(3,567,070)
Compensated absences	(126,595)
Total adjustment	\$ (1,921,898)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in net position of governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustment of \$76,667 is comprised of the following:

Description	Amount			
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$	175,228		
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements		(201,016)		
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements		201,705		
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements				
Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Pension expense Deferred inflows Deferred outflows		(3,140) 180,550 165,279 (358,370) (120,113)		
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements Increase in deferred inflows of resources - taxes receivable - at the end of year		36,544		
Total adjustment	\$	76,667		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budget Violation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the County had an excess of expenditures over budget in the emergency telephone system fund. Under an interlocal agreement three Counties were collecting E911 revenues until a combined public safety communication system known as the Dare Tyrrell Hyde Regional Emergency Communication Center ("DTHRECC") was established. Once the DTHRECC was operational, Tyrrell County was informed by the North Carolina Department of Information Technology 911 Board that they should no longer have received distributions after May 2017 and that any remaining fund balance should be sent to Dare County after the PSAP report was approved. Not anticipating having the emergency telephone system Fund to report on for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the existing budget for the emergency telephone system fund was amended to zero and the emergency telephone system fund was closed with the transfer of the remaining fund balance to Dare County in May 2018. The County will better monitor any such extraordinary expenditures going forward to make sure amounts are properly budgeted before expending.

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the County's, the Tourism Development Authority's (the Authority) and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the County's, the Authority's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, the Authority and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County, the Authority, the ABC Board, or the with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County, the Authority, or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions. The County, the Authority, and the ABC Board rely on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The County, the Authority, and the ABC Board do not have policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2018, County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$417,635 and a bank balance of \$501,507. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$251,507 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2018, the County had \$755 cash on hand.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of deposits for the Board was \$110,458 and the bank balance was \$108,226. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

At June 30, 2018, the Board had \$500 cash on hand.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of deposits for the Authority was \$24,680 and the bank balance was \$24,680. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2018, the County had the following investments and maturities.

	Valuation				
	Measurement	Во	ok Value at		
Investments by Type	Method	June 30, 2018		Maturity	Rating
NC Capital Management			_		
Trust - Government Portfolio	Amortized Cost	\$	2,255,299	N/A	AAAm
NC Capital Management					
				Less than	
Trust - Term Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1		163,161	90 days	Unrated
		\$	2,418,460		

Credit Risk – The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2018. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the US government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statute 159-30 as amended.

3. Property Tax – Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Тах		Interest		Total		
2015	\$	578,537	\$	141,742	\$	720,279	
2016		648,562		100,527		749,089	
2017		673,729		43,792		717,521	
2018		828,832				828,832	
	\$	2,729,660	\$	286,061	\$	3,015,721	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Δ	Accounts		Taxes eceivable	Due from Other Governments			Total
Governmental Activities:								
General Fund	\$	9,095	\$	549,454	\$	266,512	\$	825,061
Other governmental		9,177		-		91,745		100,922
Total governmental activities	\$	18,272	\$	549,454	\$	358,257	\$	925,983
Business-type Activities:								
Water and sewer		535,484	\$	-		28,492	\$	563,976
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(86,001)		-				(86,001)
Total business-type activities	\$	449,483	\$	_	\$	28,492	\$	477,975

Due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

	Gov A	ness-type ctivities	
Local option sales tax	\$	114,616	\$ -
Sales taxes		236,685	28,492
Capital grants		6,956	
Total	\$	358,257	\$ 28,492

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

5. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	E	Beginning						Ending
		Balances Increases		D	ecreases	Balances		
Govermental - Type Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	843,758	\$	-	\$	-	\$	843,758
Construction in Process		156,049		123,531		261,653		17,927
Total Capital assets not being depreciated		999,807		123,531		261,653		861,685
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings & Improvements		3,549,346		222,733		_		3,772,079
Equipment		1,237,770		11,605		-		1,249,375
Furniture		19,206		38,529		-		57,735
Vehicles		672,968		41,597		70,366		644,199
Total Capital assets being depreciated		5,479,290		314,464		70,366		5,723,388
Less accumated depreciation for:								
Buildings & Improvements		1,605,895		87,290		-		1,693,185
Equipment		1,079,241		44,712		-		1,123,953
Furniture		19,206		3,669		-		22,875
Vehicles		474,052		65,345		69,252		470,145
Total accumulated depreciation		3,178,394	\$	201,016	\$	69,252		3,310,158
Total Capital assets being depreciated, net		2,300,896						2,413,230
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	3,300,703					\$	3,274,915

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:
0

General government	\$ 67,519
Public safety	127,181
Human services	4,755
Economic and Physical development	 1,561
Total	\$ 201,016

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

		Beginning						Ending
	Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances	
Business - Type Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	68,261	\$	=	\$	-	\$	68,261
Construction in Process		572,661		2,234,988				2,807,649
Total Capital assets not being depreciated		640,922		2,234,988		-		2,875,910
Capital assets being depreciated:		_						_
Plant and distribution systems		20,218,480		227,455		-		20,445,935
Buildings		16,225		-		-		16,225
Furniture		1,602		-		-		1,602
Vehicles & equipment		609,950		-		24,800		585,150
Total Capital assets being depreciated		20,846,257		227,455		24,800		21,048,912
Less accumated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution system		4,276,789		403,417		-		4,680,206
Buildings		6,947		1,623		-		8,570
Furniture		1,601		-		-		1,601
Vehicles & equipment		328,785		51,310		24,800		355,295
Total accumulated depreciation		4,614,122	\$	456,350	\$	24,800		5,045,672
Total Capital assets being depreciated, net		16,232,135						16,003,240
Water & Sewer capital assets, net	\$	16,873,057					\$	18,879,150

Construction commitments

The County has active construction projects at June 30, 2018. At year-end, the County's commitments with contracts are as follows:

			Re	emaining	
Project	Sp	ent to date	Commitment		
Alligator Sewer Project Fund	\$	2,257,222	\$	203,412	
North road street Culvert and Drainage Improvements				675,868	
	\$	2,257,222	\$	879,280	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Discretely presented component unit

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending
	B	Balances	Increases		Decreases		Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	21,735	\$		\$		\$	21,735
Total Capital assets not being depreciated		21,735		-		-		21,735
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Machinery and equipment		357,527		-		-		357,527
Furniture and fixtures		24,960		-		-		24,960
Total Capital assets being depreciated		382,487		-		-		382,487
Less accumated depreciation		65,119	\$	11,260	\$	_		76,379
Total Capital assets being depreciated, net		317,368						306,108
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$	339,103					\$	327,843

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Vendors		
Governmental Activities:			
General	\$	233,823	
Total governmental activities	\$	233,823	
Business-Type Activities:			
Water & Sewer Fund		473,778	
Total business-type activities	\$	473,778	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

2. Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System

Plan Description – The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as exofficio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided – LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Contributions – Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 7.15% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 6.67% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$164,972 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$535,467 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .03505%, which was an increase of .00113% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$181,876. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	30,848	\$	15,157	
Changes of assumptions		76,472		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		130,012		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		7,505		2,530	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		164,972			
Total	\$	409,809	\$	17,687	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

\$164,972 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2019	\$ 29,469
2020	156,822
2021	79,225
2022	(38,366)
2023	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 227,150

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 8.10%, including

inflation and positivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.20%, net of pension plan

investment expense, including

inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29%	1.4%
Global Equity	42%	5.3%
Real Estate	8%	4.3%
Alternatives	8%	8.9%
Credit	7%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be as if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.2%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (6.20%)		count Rate (7.20%)	-	% Increase (8.20%)
County's proportionate share of the net				_		_
pension liability (asset)	\$	1,607,484	\$	535,467	\$	(359, 329)

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description – Tyrrell County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time law enforcement officers of the County are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	11
	12
·	

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting – The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2016 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35%, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.16%

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2017.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Contributions – The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees. Administrative costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The County paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a total pension liability of \$117,738. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 based on a December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$11,976.

	Deferred		D	Deferred	
	Out	flows of	In	flows of	
	Res	ources	Re	sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	25,029	
Changes of assumptions		9,530		2,924	
County benefit payments and plan administrative expense made					
subsequent to the measurement date		_			
Total	\$	9,530	\$	27,953	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made, and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (3,693)
2020	(3,693)
2021	(3,693)
2022	(3,693)
2023	 (3,651)
	\$ (18,423)

Sensitivity of the County's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.16%, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.16%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.16%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1%	1% Decrease (2.16%)		Discount Rate (3.16%)		Increase		
	((4.16%)		
Total pension liability	\$	130,634	\$	117,738	\$	106,254		

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Beginning Balance	\$ 122,441
Service Cost	10,406
Interest on total pension liability	4,714
Difference between expected and actual	
experience	(29,842)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	10,650
Benefit payments	(631)
Net Changes	(4,703)
Ending Balance of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 117,738

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description – The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy – Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$27,894, which consisted of \$21,709 from the County and \$6,185 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for General Government Employees

Plan Description – The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to individuals employed by the general government of the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for General Government Employees is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for General Government Employees. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy – The general government employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$12,051, which consisted of \$-0- from the County and \$12,051 from the general government employees.

e. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description – Tyrrell County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Benefits Provided – An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions – Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$273 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported an asset of \$5,242 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .03070%, which was a decrease of .00654% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,165. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	90	\$	17
Changes of assumptions		884		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		445		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,144		334
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		273		
Total	\$	2,836	\$	351

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

\$273 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2019	\$	1,200
2020		848
2021		51
2022		113
2023		-
Thereafter		
	<u>\$</u>	2,212

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 7.75%, including

3.5% inflation and positivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75%, net of pension plan

investment expense, including

inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2017 is 1.4%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		Decrease 2.75%)		ount Rate 3.75%)	_	Increase 1.75%)	
County's proportionate share of the net				_			
pension liability (asset)	\$	(4,119)	\$	(5,242)	\$	(6,183)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2017, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2016. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	LGERS	ROD	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 535,467	\$ (5,242)		\$ 530,225
Proportion Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.03505%	0.03070%	n/a	
Total Pension Liability			117,738	117,738
Pension Expense	181,876	2,165	11,976	196,017

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	 LGERS	ROD		LEOSSA		Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 30,848	\$ 90	\$	-	\$	30,938	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	76,472	884		9,530		86,886	
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of	130,012	445		-		130,457	
contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the	7,505	1,144		-		8,649	
measurement date	164,972	273		-		165,245	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,157	\$ 17	\$	25,029	\$	40,203	
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of	-	-		2,924		2,924	
contributions	2,530	334		-		2,864	

f. Other Post-employment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description – Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and meet certain requirements. Retirees hired prior to July 1, 2006 receive unreduced benefits with 10 years of creditable service with the County, while retirees after July 1, 2006 receive unreduced benefits with 20 years of creditable service. At age 65, The County transfers the retiree from the group plan to a Medicare Supplement. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. The County Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Funding Policy – The County pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a County resolution that can be amended by the Board. The County has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis. Postemployment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due. In fiscal year ended, June 30, 2018, the County's total contributions were \$75,304.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Membership of the Retiree Health Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	19
Inactive Members Entitled to but not yet	
Receiving Benefits	-
Active Employees	63
Total	82

Actuarial Assumptions

The County's total OPEB liability of \$4,053,488 was measured as of June 30, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	3.5% - 7.75%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.56%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	7.5% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate
	of 5.0% by 2023
Medicare	5.5% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.0% by 2020

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

	2017
Beginning balance at July 1, 2016	\$ 4,258,658
Service Cost	188,168
Interest on the total OPEB liability	126,705
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	16,375
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(437,318)
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	(99,100)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017	\$ 4,053,488

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.17%:

Fiscal year	Rate
2017	3.56%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2010 through December 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.56%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.56%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase
	(2.56%)	(3.56%)	(4.56%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,352,121	\$ 4,053,488	\$ 4,982,538

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,899,907	\$ 4,053,488	\$ 3,401,947

OPEB Expense and deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$285,891. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred		
	Ou	tflows of	Defe	rred Inflows
	Re	esources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	13,963	\$	- 372,912
Benefit payments and administrative costs made subsequent to the measurement date		46,222		-
Total	\$	60,185	\$	372,912

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

\$46,222 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (61,994)
2020	(61,994)
2021	(61,994)
2022	(61,994)
2023	(61,994)
Thereafter	 (48,979)
Total	\$ (358,949)

g. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will be the minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the eligible participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience - pension	ф	44.004	c	40.202
and OPEB	\$	44,901	\$	40,203
Changes of assumptions - pension and OPEB		86,886		375,836
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments - pension and OPEB Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions - pension		130,457		-
and OPEB		8,649		2,864
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Prepaid taxes not yet earned (Government Wide and		211,467		-
General Fund)		-		40,216
Taxes receivable, net, less penalties (General Fund)				549,454
Total	\$	482,360	\$	1,008,573

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners. Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to a limit of \$300 million for any one occurrence, general, auto, professional, employment practices liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, cyber liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value, crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request. Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000 up to a \$2 million limit for liability coverage, and \$1,750,000 of each loss in excess of \$250,000 per occurrence for property, and auto physical damage. For workers compensation there is a per occurrence retention of \$750,000. The County provides employee health benefits through a self-insured plan provided by CIGNA.

The County carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). Because the County is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated as an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake, or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the County is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 per structure through the NFIP.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, County employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Director of Finance and the tax collector are individually bonded for \$57,798 and \$10,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$50,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Tyrrell County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, workmen's compensation and employee health coverage. The Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the finance officer for Tyrrell County Tourism Development Authority is individually bonded for \$50,000.

5. Commitments

At June 30, 2018, the Co	unty had seven service contract commitments. The commitments are as follows:
1 Washington County, NC	For Emergency medical services. Initial term is effective 7/7/17 and shall continue for a period of two years ending 6/30/19. Agreement shall be deemed to automatically renew for successive and additional periods of 1 year each, unless notice of non-renewal is provided by either party. In exchange for services, Tyrrell shall pay a flat fee of \$625,000 per year in 12 equal monthly installments. In addition, Tyrrell agrees to make an additional \$25,000 per year available to Washington for unforeseeable emergency maintenance needs related to non-routine maintenance of vehicles used for Tyrrell County services.
2 Dare County, NC	For housing of inmates. Tyrrell shall pay \$50 per day for each day, or any portion thereof, that an inmate from Tyrrell County is housed in the Dare County Dentention Center or by Dare County. Tyrrell shall pay for or reimburse Dare County for all medical and perdiem costs incurred by the Tyrrell County inmate(s) while confined in the Dare County Detention Center.
3 Tyrrell Volunteer Fire Department, Inc.	For fire protection services. This is a fiscal year agreement requiring monthly per diem payments for a total of \$ 115,600 and shall continue fiscal year to fiscal year unless terminated by either party.
4 Tyrrell Volunteer Fire Department, Inc.	For equipment upgrades. This is a fiscal year agreement requiring quarterly payments for a total of \$40,000 and shall continue fiscal year to fiscal year unless terminated by either party.
5 Tyrrell Volunteer Fire Department, Inc.	For Capital Reserve. This is a fiscal year agreement requiring an annual \$25,000 reserve to be held by the County and shall continue fiscal year to fiscal year unless terminated by either party.
6 Republic Services, LLC	For collection of solid waste, recyclable materials, white good and brown goods at the rate of \$12.76 per customer per cart account per month. This fee shall increase on each anniversary date based on the percentage increase of the Consumer Price Index, All Urban Consumers, for All Items, U.S. City Average as compiled and published by the U.S. Dept of Labor for the preceding calendar year, not exceeding 5% annually. This agreement shall be binding for a period of 5 years, ending June 30, 2019.
7 Hyde County Non-Profit Private Transportation Corp	For operation and administration of Community Transportation System. This agreement, effective June 6, 2017, is binding for 2 years. The cost of these services is based on the fully allocated cost as determined by the approved fiscal year budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

6. Operating Leases

At June 30, 2018, the Board had 5 operating leases for facilities and equipment. Lease expense under these leases was \$63,052 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The leases are set to expire at various dates though January 1, 2023, renewable on a year-to-year basis.

Future minimum lease payments during the next 5 years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Amount		
2019	\$ 92,182		
2020	92,182		
2021	18,124		
2022	8,684		
2023	 1,922		
Total	\$ 213,094		

7. Claims and Judgments

At June 30, 2018, the County was a defendant in one lawsuit. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

8. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchase

In October 2015, the County entered into an installment purchase contract to finance the acquisition of computer software and related support services for the Tax office. The financing contract requires quarterly installments of \$4,081, which includes interest at a rate of 2.6%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's installment purchase contract are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30:	P	rincipal	In	Interest				
2019	\$	15,435	\$	890				
2020		15,835		489				
2021		8,091	-	81				
Total	\$	39,361	\$	1,460				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

b. Term Debt

On March 11, 2002, the County executed an agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture for \$900,000 to assist in the construction and renovation of court facilities. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on certain real property and is payable over a 30 year period. The terms of the agreement require annual installments of \$57,798, including interest of 4.75% on March 11 of each year.

580,657

On July 2, 2007, the County executed an agreement with First National Bank for \$2,500,000 to assist in the construction of a gymnasium for Columbia High School. The loan was subsequently refinanced in November of 2011. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on certain real property and is payable over an 11 year period. The terms of the agreement require semi-annual installments of \$103,404, including interest of 2.125% on December 1 and June 1 of each year beginning in June, 2012. Due to the economic substance of the transaction, the capital assets associated with the note payable are recorded by the Board of Education.

909,369

\$

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the County's term debt are as follows:

Year Ended		USDA B	Building	g	School Gymna			nasium		
June 30	F	Principal		Interest		rincipal		Interest		
2019	\$	30,185	\$	27,532	\$	188,397	\$	18,003		
2020		31,619		26,179		192,861		13,948		
2021		33,121		24,677		24,677		197,074		9,735
2022		34,694		23,104		201,342		5,466		
2023		36,342		21,456		129,695		1,105		
2024-2028		209,301		79,689		-		-		
2029-2033		205,395		25,987				_		
Total	\$	580,657	\$	228,624	\$	909,369	\$	48,257		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

c. Revenue Bond

Serviced by the County's Water and Sewer Fund:

\$2,794,000 Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2013A, issued for water system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on June 1 with annual interest payments due on June 1at an interest rate of 3.125%.

\$2,629,000

\$730,000 Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2013B, issued for water system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on June 1 with annual interest payments due on June 1 at an annual interest rate of 2.5%.

\$1,002,000 Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A, issued for sewer system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on June 1 with annual interest payments due on June 1 at an interest rate of 2.25%.

\$1,002,000

with annual interest payments due on June 1 at an interest rate of 2.25%.

Year Ended	Series	2013A	Series 2013B		Series 2013B Series 2016A			Series 2016B		
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2019	\$ 44,000	\$ 82,156	\$ 13,000	\$ 17,025	\$ 17,000	\$ 22,545	\$ 6,000	\$ 8,393		
2020	46,000	80,781	13,000	16,700	17,000	22,163	6,000	8,258		
2021	47,000	79,344	14,000	16,375	18,000	21,780	7,000	8,123		
2022	49,000	77,875	14,000	16,025	18,000	21,375	7,000	7,965		
2023	50,000	76,344	14,000	15,675	19,000	20,970	7,000	7,808		
2024-2028	276,000	357,219	77,000	72,850	99,000	98,370	37,000	36,653		
2029-2033	320,000	311,406	87,000	62,725	111,000	86,693	41,000	32,288		
2034-2038	375,000	258,094	120,000	60,050	124,000	73,620	46,000	27,450		
2039-2043	437,000	195,719	114,000	35,550	138,000	59,085	52,000	22,028		
2044-2048	625,000	137,719	130,000	20,525	155,000	42,773	58,000	15,908		
2049-2053	360,000	22,752	85,000	4,250	173,000	24,548	64,000	9,090		
2054-2058	-	-	_	_	113,000	5,110	42,000	1,894		
Total	\$ 2,629,000	\$ 1,679,409	\$681,000	\$337,750	\$ 1,002,000	\$499,032	\$373,000	\$ 185,858		

373,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

The County is in compliance with the covenants as to rates, fees, rentals and charges of the Bond Order that authorized the issuance of the Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2013. Section 5.01(b) of the Bond Order requires the debt service coverage ratio to be no less than 110%.

The County is in compliance with the covenants as to rates, fees, rentals and charges of the Bond Order, authorizing the issuance of the Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 A& B. Section 3.01(f) of the Bond Order requires the debt service coverage ratio to be no less than 110%

The debt service coverage ratio calculations for the year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	W	ater Bonds	Se	wer Bonds	
Operating revenues	\$	1,102,952	\$	254,757	
Operating expenses*		(700,346)		(146,227)	
Operating income		402,606		108,530	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)**		6,135		242	
Income available for debt service		408,741		108,772	
Debt service, principal paid (Revenue bond only)		56,000		-	
Debt service, interest paid (Revenue bond only)		100,850		30,939	
Debt service coverage ratio		2.61		3.52	

^{**} Per the covenants, operating expenses do not include depreciation expense or debt service expense.

The County has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$3,420,000 in water system revenue bonds issued in February 2013 (Series 2013A and 2013B). Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of a reverse osmosis water treatment plant, wells, pumping stations, water mains, a ground water storage tank and water treatment process effluent transmission and discharge facilities to serve Tyrrell County. The bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2052. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$5,327,158. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$156,850 and \$376,101, respectively.

The County has pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$1,375,000 in sewer system revenue bonds issued in September 2016 (Series 2016A and 2016B). Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction improvements and sewer system expansion to serve Tyrrell County. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2056. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,059,884. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$30,939 and \$108,764 respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance						Dalamas	Current		
	uly 1, 2017 s Restated)	Inc	creases	D	ecreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2018		Current Portion	
Governmental activities:										
Installment Purchase	\$ 54,403	\$	-	\$	15,042	\$	39,361	\$	15,435	
Term loan - court facility	609,504		-		28,847		580,657		30,185	
Term loan - Gymnasium	1,067,185		-		157,816		909,369		188,397	
Compensated absences	123,455		3,140		-		126,595		-	
Net pension liability (LEOSSA)	122,441		-		4,703		117,738		-	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	630,600		-		162,298		468,302		-	
OPEB	3,747,620				180,550		3,567,070			
Total Governmental activities	\$ 6,355,208	\$ 3,140		\$	549,256	\$	5,809,092	\$	234,017	
Business-type activities:										
Water Revenue bonds	\$ 2,672,000	\$	-	\$	43,000	\$	2,629,000	\$	44,000	
Water Revenue bonds	694,000		-		13,000		681,000		13,000	
Sewer Revenue Bonds	1,002,000		-		-		1,002,000		17,000	
Sewer Revenue Bonds	373,000		-		-		373,000		6,000	
Compensated absences	28,973		-		7,002		21,971		-	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	89,296		-		22,131		67,165		-	
OPEB	511,039				24,620		486,419			
Total Business-type activities	\$ 5,370,308	\$	-	\$	109,754	\$	5,260,554	\$	80,000	
ABC Board:										
Construction Note	\$ 163,441	\$	-	\$	13,746	\$	149,695		14,267	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	11,036				6,758		4,278			
Total Business-type activities	\$ 174,477	\$	-	\$	20,504	\$	153,973	\$	14,267	

The beginning balance does not agree to the ending balance for fiscal year 2017 due to the implementation of GASB 75 related to OPEB. For fiscal year 2017, the ending long term liability for governmental activities was \$2,770,388. The implementation of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment of \$977,231. For fiscal year 2017, the ending long term liability for business-type activities was \$240,918. The implementation of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment of \$270,121.

Compensated absences typically have been liquidated in the general fund and are accounted for on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

C. Inter-fund Balances and Activity

The composition of inter-fund balances as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Interfund						
	Red	ceivables	P	ayables			
General Fund	\$	30,191	\$	=			
General Fund		1,513		-			
General Fund		26,040		-			
General Fund		1,219		-			
General Fund		9,177		-			
Recreation Fund		-		30,191			
Sewer Fund		68,268		-			
Water Fund		-		1,513			
FEMA Fund		-		1,219			
General Fund		-		68,268			
Alligator Sewer Fund		-		26,040			
Road Street Fund		-		9,177			
	\$	136,408	\$	136,408			

The General Fund made various payments to vendors on behalf of the Road Street Fund. This amount represents the amount that was due to the General Fund but had not been remitted as of June 30, 2018.

Intorfund

The General Fund made various payments to vendors on behalf of the FEMA Fund. This amount represents the amount that was due to the General Fund but had not been remitted as of June 30, 2018.

The General Fund made various payments to vendors on behalf of the Alligator Sewer Fund. This amount represents the amount that was due to the General Fund but had not been remitted as of June 30, 2018.

The General Fund made various payments to vendors on behalf of the Water Fund. This amount represents the amount that was due to the General Fund but had not been remitted as of June 30, 2018.

The General Fund collected more Sewer revenue than it paid out to vendors on behalf of the Sewer Fund. This amount represents the amount that was due to the Sewer Fund but had not been remitted as of June 30, 2018.

The General Fund made payments on behalf of the Recreation Fund. This amount represents the amount that was due to the General fund but had not been remitted as of June 30, 2018.

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

From the General Fund to Estuarine Park Access Fund	
as Local Match for Grant	\$ 4,203
From the School Capital Outlay to the General Fund	
to cover Article 44 Sales Tax for Economic Development	 30,966
	\$ 35,169

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	Go	vernmental	_	Business-Type			
Capital assets	\$	3,274,915		\$	18,879,150		
less: long-term debt		(1,529,387)	_		(4,685,000)		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,745,528		\$	14,194,150		

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available to appropriation:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 1,652,696
Less:	
Prepaids	582
Stabilization by State Statute	276,991
Controlled substance tax	5,544
HAVA grant funds	8,805
Drug forfeiture funds	37,847
Court facilities	41,392
Register of Deeds	10,072
USDA reserve	59,350
Tax revaluation	22,981
Capital outlay	67,841
Recreation	46,061
Fire Protection	25,262
Subsequent year's expenditures	 1,027,309
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 22,659

Outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. At June 30, 2018, there are no outstanding encumbrances.

Note 4—Joint Ventures

The County participates with four other counties to operate the Pettigrew Regional Library. Each participating government appoints one member to a twelve-member board of the Library. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Library's existence depends on the participating governments continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Library, so none was reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$129,000 to the Library to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Library can be obtained from the Library's office at 201 E. 3rd Street, Plymouth, NC 27962.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 4—Joint Ventures (continued)

The County participates with twenty-three other counties to operate Trillium Health Resources. Each participating government appoints members to the Board based upon population. The County currently has three members on the Board. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Clinic's existence depends on the participating governments continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Clinic, so none was reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$9,906 to the Clinic to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Clinic can be obtained from the Clinic's office at 144 Community College Road. Ahoskie. North Carolina 29710.

The County participates with two other counties to operate the Martin, Tyrrell and Washington Regional Health Department. Each participating government appoints members to the Board based upon population. The County currently has two members on the Board. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Health Department's existence depends on the participating governments continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Health Department, so none was reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$58,430 to the Health Department to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Health Department can be obtained from the Regional offices at the Washington County Health Department, Plymouth, NC 27962.

The County participates with nine other counties to operate the Albemarle Commission. Each participating government appoints one member to a fourteen-member board. The County has on ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Albemarle Commission's existence depends on the participating governments continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Albemarle Commission, so none was reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$3,653 to the Albemarle Commission to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Albemarle Commission can be obtained from the Albemarle Commission at Post Office Box 646, Hertford, NC 27944.

The County participates with three other counties to operate the Partnership for the Sounds. The Board of Directors for the Partnership appoints members from its service area to fill vacancies. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Partnership for the Sounds' existence depends on the participating governments continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Partnership for the Sounds, so none was reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$11,500 to the Partnership for the Sounds to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Partnership for the Sounds can be obtained from the Partnership for the Sounds at Post Office Box 55, Columbia, NC 27925.

The County participates with eight other counties to operate the Albemarle Solid Waste Authority. Each participating government appoints two members to a fourteen-member board. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the joint venture because the Albemarle Solid Waste Authority's existence depends on the participating governments continued funding. None of the participating governments have any equity interest in the Albemarle Solid Waste Authority, so none was reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2018. In accordance with the intergovernmental agreement between the participating governments, the County appropriated \$3,690 to the Albemarle Solid Waste Authority to supplement its activities. Complete financial statements for the Albemarle Solid Waste Authority can be obtained from the Albemarle Solid Waste Authority at Post Office Box 189, Elizabeth City, NC 27909.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 4—Joint Ventures (continued)

The County participates with other jurisdictions to assist as a pass-through entity for the funding of the Juvenile Crime Prevention Commission. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the County made appropriations to the school system in the amount of \$51,583, of which consisted of \$46,894 in grant funds obtained from the State and \$4,689 in County funds.

The County is a party to an interlocal agreement for the provision of law enforcement and related services by the office of the sheriff with the jurisdiction Town of Columbia. The Town shall pay a fee of \$96,366 in four quarterly installments. The agreement will remain in force until terminated by either party.

The County is party to a transit service agreement with Hyde County Non-Profit Private Transportation Corporation, a Community Transportation System as defined by the North Carolina Public Transportation Division (hereinafter referred to as "HCT"). The County may appoint (5) five Board Members to the Governing Board of HCT. The County provides payment for services of HCT in Tyrrell County as well as provides the local match requirements for the Administrative Budget when so billed by HCT. These services are funded by grants through the Rural Operating Assistance Program.

Note 5—Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs - The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Note 6—Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 30, 2018, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 7—Prior period adjustment

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The implementation of the statement required the County to record beginning total OPEB liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the County related to OPEB during the measurement period (fiscal year ending December 31, 2017). Beginning deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the implementation were excluded from the restatement. As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$977,231 and \$270,121 for business-type activities.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

JUNE 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	0.03505%	0.03392%	0.03419%	0.03361%	0.00341%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 535,467	\$ 719,896	\$ 153,443	\$ (198,214)	\$ 411,036
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,030,939	\$ 2,168,566	\$ 2,071,619	\$ 1,677,022	\$1,702,945
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	26.37%	33.20%	7.41%	-11.82%	24.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years of information until fiscal year 2023.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

JUNE 30, 2018

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	164,972	\$	159,574	\$	140,888	\$	138,232	\$ 135,365
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		164,972		159,574		140,888		138,232	135,365
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$	2,030,939	\$	2,168,566	\$	2,071,619	\$	1,677,022	\$ 1,702,945
covered-employee payroll		8.12%		7.36%		6.80%		8.24%	7.95%

^{**} Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years of information until fiscal year 2023.

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND

JUNE 30, 2018

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) %	0.03070%		0.03724%		0.03382%		0.04226%		0.03636%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(5,242)	\$	(6,964)	\$	(7,838)	\$	(9,576)	\$	(7,766)
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	37,670	\$	60,931	\$	54,711	\$	76,083	\$	76,083
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		-13.92%		-11.43%		-12.86%		-17.50%		10.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		153.77%		160.17%		197.29%		193.88%		190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years of information until fiscal year 2023.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION PLAN

JUNE 30, 2018

	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 273	\$ 267	\$ 304	\$ 271	\$ 345
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	 273	267	304	271	 345
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	46,326	37,670	\$ 60,931	\$ 54,711	\$ 76,083
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.59%	0.71%	0.50%	0.50%	0.45%

^{**} Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present 10 years of information until fiscal year 2023.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

JUNE 30, 2018

	 2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 122,441	\$ 111,580
Service Cost	10,406	13,567
Interest on the total pension liability	4,714	3,938
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the		
measurement of the total pension liability	(29,842)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	10,650	(4,120)
Benefit payments	(631)	(2,524)
Other changes	 -	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 117,738	\$ 122,441

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

^{**} Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present ten years of information until fiscal year 2026.

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

JUNE 30, 2018

	 2018	 2017
Total pension liability	\$ 117,738	\$ 122,441
Covered payroll	425,942	493,228
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	27.64%	24.82%

Notes to the schedules:

The County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

^{**} Information is not required to be presented retroactively. This schedule will not present ten years of information until fiscal year 2026.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

JUNE 30, 2018

	2017
Beginning balance at July 1, 2016	\$ 4,258,658
Service Cost	188,168
Interest on the total OPEB liability	126,705
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	16,375
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(437,318)
Benefit payments and implicit subsidy credit	(99,100)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017	\$ 4,053,488
Covered payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	2,063,295 196.46%

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	Rate
2017	3.56%

SCHEDULE 1 – SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2018		
			Variance Positive	2247
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2017
Revenues				
Ad valorem taxes				
Current year	\$ 3,793,419	\$ 3,858,342	\$	\$ 3,709,798
Penalties and interest	38,000	46,944		45,882
Total ad valorem taxes	3,831,419	3,905,286	73,867	3,755,680
Local option sales taxes				
Articles 39, 40 & 42	490,527	473,695		394,447
Total local option sales taxes	490,527	473,695	(16,832)	394,447
Other taxes and licenses				
Deed stamp excise tax	21,000	23,867		37,968
Scrap tire disposal tax	5,800	5,590		5,654
Videoprogramming tax	600	555		580
White goods disposal tax	-	2,249		-
Solid waste tax	3,000	2,820		2,799
Occupancy tax	150	218		209
Total other taxes and licenses	30,550	35,299	4,749	47,210
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues				
Gas tax refund	-	877		1,818
Controlled substance tax	-	2,110		1,358
Payments in lieu of taxes	47,000	43,803		53,838
Beer and wine tax	15,000	14,272		15,307
Total unrestricted intergovernmental				
revenues	62,000	61,062	(938)	72,321
Restricted intergovernmental revenues				
Federal and State grants	1,335,565	1,243,780		1,401,489
Court facility fees	30,000	39,161		35,458
ABC bottles tax	1,200	1,477		1,331
Total restricted intergovernmental				
revenues	1,366,765	1,284,418	(82,347)	1,438,278
Licenses and permits				
Gun permits	400	2,005		2,240
Officer service fees	175,266	158,143		157,434
Animal control fees	2,300	2,186		2,647
Building permits and inspection fees	20,000	21,643		24,510
Candidate filing fees		2,454		-
License revocation fees	65,025	60,406		566
Other fees		17,369		18,183
Total licenses and permits	262,991	264,206	1,215	205,580

SCHEDULE 1 – SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

		2018				
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2017		
Revenues (continued)						
Sales and services						
Rents and other	\$ 27,944	\$ 22,415	\$	\$ 21,438		
Jail fees	3,000	2,814		3,869		
Total sales and services	30,944	25,229	(5,715)	25,307		
Interest earned on investments	7,000	26,392	19,392	9,387		
Miscellaneous						
Donations and contributions	3,329	8,945		41,159		
Recreation fees	14,677	15,329		14,131		
Other revenues	5,000	44,083		25,819		
Total miscellaneous	23,006	68,357	45,351	81,109		
Total revenues	6,105,202	6,143,944	38,742	6,029,319		
Expenditures						
Current						
General government						
Governing body						
Salaries and employee benefits	232,641	230,444		235,489		
Other operating expenditures	89,599	58,844		53,441		
Contract services	108,550	50,526		76,297		
Total	430,790	339,814	90,976	365,227		
Elections						
Salaries and employee benefits	50,136	34,370		37,097		
Other operating expenditures	36,920	21,848		21,832		
Total	87,056	56,218	30,838	58,929		
Finance	047.050	045.750		044 440		
Salaries and employee benefits	217,352	215,758		211,412		
Other operating expenditures	17,752	12,843	0.500	19,379		
Total	235,104	228,601	6,503	230,791		
Taxes	140,480	139,389		115,200		
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	79,595	73,973		68,906		
Contract services	79,595 2,030	73,973 3,521		5,666		
Capital outlay	2,030 1,500	264		2,141		
Total	223,605	217,147	6,458	191,913		
iotai	220,000	211,141	0,400	191,910		

SCHEDULE 1 – SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

Budget Actual Variance Positive (Negative) 2017			2018				
Expenditures (continued) Current (continued) General government (continued) Register of deeds Salaries and employee benefits Salaries and employee benefi		Budasa			Positive	2047	
Central continued General government (continued)		Budget		Actual	(Negative)	2017	
Register of deeds	Expenditures (continued)						
Register of deeds	Current (continued)						
Salaries and employee benefits \$ 99.694 \$ 96.927 \$ \$ 87.041 Other operating expenditures 13.9893 19.216 13.649 Total 132.487 128,700 3.787 112,752 Planning 132.487 128,700 3.787 112,752 Planning 6,592 2,985 3,607 3,390 Hurricane relief Salaries and employee benefits - - - 32,200 Other operating expenditures 17,655 9,151 54,449 52,550 Total 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 161,066 148,547 155,442 Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,000 31,884 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff 3 716,898 707,193 830,121 30,200 19,285 19,185							
Other operating expenditures 19,993 19,216 13,649 Contract services 12,800 12,557 12,062 Total 132,487 128,700 3,787 112,752 Planning 6,592 2,985 3,607 3,390 Hurricane relief 32,200 3,607 3,200 Other operating expenditures 17,655 9,151 5,250 Total 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 327,886 327,206 311,228 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 31,220 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety 5 2,606 233,325 19,855 19,855 Solaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 2,161	•						
Contract services 12,800 12,557 12,062 Total 132,487 128,700 3,787 112,752 Planning 3,200 3,809 3,607 3,390 Hurricane relief 5 2,985 3,607 3,390 Hurricane relief 5 - - 32,200 Other operating expenditures 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Capital outlay - - - 5,250 Total 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 327,886 327,206 311,228 Salaries and employee benefits 161,066 148,547 155,442 Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 311,289 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855					\$		
Total							
Planning Other operating expenditures 6,592 2,985 3,607 3,390 Hurricane relief 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 32,200 31,899 32,200 31,899 32,000 31,899 31,899 31,899 32,000 31,899 31,899 31,899 31,200 31,899 31,220 31,222 31,220 31,222 31,220 31,220 31,222 31,220 31,220 31,222 31,222 32,200 31,222 31,222 32,200 31,329 31,222 32,205 31,232 <td< td=""><td>Contract services</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Contract services						
Other operating expenditures 6,592 2,985 3,607 3,390 Hurricane relief Salaries and employee benefits - - 32,200 Other operating expenditures 17,655 9,151 52,250 Total 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 317,265 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 161,066 148,547 155,442 Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 331,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475		132,487	7	128,700	3,787	112,752	
Hurricane relief Salaries and employee benefits - - 32,200							
Salaries and employee benefits - - - 32,200 Other operating expenditures 17,655 9,151 54,449 Capital outlay - - - 5,250 Total 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 327,866 327,206 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management	Other operating expenditures	6,592	<u>)</u>	2,985	3,607	3,390	
Other operating expenditures 17,655 9,151 54,449 Capital outlay - - - - 5,250 Total 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 161,066 148,547 155,442 Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety 5 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency managemen							
Capital outlay - - 5,250 Total 17,655 9,151 8,504 91,899 Buildings and grounds 38laries and employee benefits 161,066 148,547 155,442 Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sherriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management Salaries and employee benefits 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815			•	-		32,200	
Total		17,655	5	9,151			
Buildings and grounds Salaries and employee benefits 161,066 148,547 155,442 Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002				-			
Salaries and employee benefits 161,066 148,547 155,442 Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles		17,655	5	9,151	8,504	91,899	
Other operating expenditures 327,886 327,206 311,228 Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management Salaries and employee benefits 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Capital outlay 32,000 32,000 31,884 Total 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Total general government 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff 8 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358							
Total general government 520,952 507,753 13,199 498,554 Public safety Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,						·	
Public safety 1,654,241 1,490,369 163,872 1,553,455 Public safety Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management Salaries and employee benefits 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire departm	Capital outlay						
Public safety Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management Salaries and employee benefits 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection Forest fire control 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Total						
Sheriff Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 839,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Total general government	1,654,24	<u> </u>	1,490,369	163,872	1,553,455	
Salaries and employee benefits 716,898 707,193 830,121 Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Public safety						
Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 8 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Sheriff						
Other operating expenditures 267,646 233,325 191,855 Contract services 2,600 2,151 2,161 Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 8 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Salaries and employee benefits	716,898	}	707,193		830,121	
Capital outlay - - 95,228 Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Other operating expenditures	267,646	6	233,325		191,855	
Total 987,144 942,669 44,475 1,119,365 Emergency management 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Contract services	2,600)	2,151		2,161	
Emergency management Salaries and employee benefits 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles Salaries and employee benefits 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Capital outlay		-	-		95,228	
Salaries and employee benefits 39,489 39,207 38,060 Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles Salaries and employee benefits 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Total	987,144		942,669	44,475	1,119,365	
Other operating expenditures 27,815 22,095 13,132 Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles Salaries and employee benefits 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Emergency management						
Capital outlay 41,596 41,596 - - Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles Salaries and employee benefits 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection Forest fire control 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Salaries and employee benefits	39,489)	39,207		38,060	
Total 108,900 102,898 6,002 51,192 Department of motor vehicles Salaries and employee benefits 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection Forest fire control 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Other operating expenditures	27,815	5	22,095		13,132	
Department of motor vehicles Salaries and employee benefits 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Capital outlay	41,596	<u> </u>	41,596			
Salaries and employee benefits 33,788 33,677 27,575 Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Total	108,900)	102,898	6,002	51,192	
Other operating expenditures 1,280 110 783 Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection Forest fire control 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Department of motor vehicles						
Total 35,068 33,787 1,281 28,358 Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Salaries and employee benefits	33,788	}	33,677		27,575	
Fire protection 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Other operating expenditures	1,280)	110		783	
Forest fire control 53,772 49,022 42,414 Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Total	35,068	3	33,787	1,281	28,358	
Contribution to the fire department 120,000 120,000 130,600 Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Fire protection						
Capital outlay 40,000 40,000 132,000	Forest fire control	53,772	<u> </u>	49,022		42,414	
	Contribution to the fire department	120,000)	120,000		130,600	
Total 213,772 209,022 4,750 305,014	Capital outlay	40,000	<u> </u>	40,000		132,000	
	Total	213,772	2	209,022	4,750	305,014	

SCHEDULE 1 – SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

		2018		
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2017
Expenditures (continued) Current (continued) Public safety (continued) Building inspector				
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures Contract services	\$ 66,810 13,450	\$ 66,230 9,814	\$	\$ 64,923 11,696 30
Total	80,260	76,044	4,216	76,649
Medical examiner Other operating expenditures Animal control	9,142	6,050	3,092	7,200
Salaries and employee benefits Capital outlay	47,958 7,496	47,563 7,495		45,659 -
Other operating expenditures	13,600	11,963		11,124
Total	69,054	67,021	2,033	56,783
Total public safety	1,503,340	1,437,491	65,849	1,644,561
Human services				
Health				
MTW health	58,430	58,430		74,346
Trillium health	9,906	9,906		9,906
Medical transportaion				
Emergency medical services Social services Administration	632,974	506,827	126,147	450,838
Salaries and employee benefits	836,042	806,391		757,836
Other operating expenditures	158,498	180,311		145,437
Contracted services	52,500	52,494		52,500
Total	1,047,040	1,039,196	7,844	955,773
Public assistance				
Medical assistance payments	14,379	17,015		4,748
Income maintenance	37,571	29,546		30,495
Total	51,950	46,561	5,389	35,243
Food stamps/coupons	2,500	1,494	1,006	1 420
Other operating expenditures	2,500	1,494	1,006	1,439
Day care Assistance payments	7,200	6,175	1,025	103,894
Legal aid children	- ,=••	2,170	-,	,
Other operating expenditures	25,000	23,280	1,720	20,166

SCHEDULE 1 – SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

		2018		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2017
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Human Services (continued)				
Senior citizens assistance				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 14,975
Other operating expenditures	93,664	87,461		23,729
Total	93,664	87,461	6,203	38,704
Transportation - nutritional				
Salaries and employee benefits	88,695	84,761		59,315
Contracted services	8,631	8,631		
Other operating expenditures	36,611_	34,809		34,561
Total	133,937	128,201	5,736	93,876
Community transportation				
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-		21,196
Capital outlay	-			
Other operating expenditures				2,168
Total	-	-	-	23,364
Crisis intervention				
Other operating expenditures	23,089	23,088	1	22,284
Foster care				
Other operating expenditures	21,528	4,838	16,690	7,050
Blind administration				
Other operating expenditures	1,776	1,776	-	1,649
Other Social Services				
Other operating expenditures	133,091	103,653	29,438	106,287
Veteran's services				
Other operating expenditures	265	11	254	237
Total	265	11	254	237
Total human services	2,242,350	2,040,897	201,453	1,945,056
Education				
Public schools - current	582,595	582,595		567,595
Total education	582,595	582,595		567,595

SCHEDULE 1 – SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	2018						
				Variance Positive (Negative)			
	Budget		Actual				2017
Expenditures (continued)							
Current (continued)							
Economic and physical development (continued)							
Environmental protection							
Drainage							
Contract services	\$ 10,000	\$	2,500	\$	7,500	\$	13,501
Solid waste	Ψ 10,000	Ψ	2,000	Ψ	7,000	Ψ	10,001
Salaries and employee benefits	12,282		9,314				11,679
Capital outlay	6,368		6,368				11,010
Other operating expenses	129,760		73,503				57,978
Contract services	357,322		385,202				378,603
Total	505,732	· —	474,387		31,345		448,260
Total environmental protection	515,732	-	476,887		38,845		461,761
Total environmental protection	313,732	-	470,007		30,043		401,701
Economic and physical development Agriculture extension							
Salaries and employee benefit	_		(8)				107
Other operating expenditures	135,827		119,732				134,862
Appropriations - Ablemarle Commission	3.653		3.653				3.519
Appropriations - River Festival	8,000		8,000				8,000
Appropriations - Albemarle RC&D	1,000		750				1,000
Appropriations - PFS	11.500		11.500				12.500
Total	159,980		143,627	-	16,353		159,988
Board of supervisors - soil conservation	100,000		140,027		10,000		100,000
Salaries and employee benefits	46,383		46,154				43,727
Other operating expenditures	189,810		156,844				9,902
Total	236,193	-	202,998		33,195		53,629
Total economic and physical development	396,173		346,625		49,548		213,617
rotal economic and physical development	390,173		340,023		49,546		213,017
Cultural and recreational							
Pettigrew Regional Library	129,000		129,000				125,341
Recreation Commission	37,022		36,729				41,348
Total cultural and recreational	166,022		165,729		293		166,689
Debt service							
Note principal	74,148		43,889				42,193
Interest and fees	-		30,258				31,930
Total debt service	74,148		74,147		1		74,123
	·		·				·
Total expenditures	7,134,601		6,614,740		519,861		6,626,857
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (1,029,399)	\$	(470,796)	\$	558,603	\$	(597,538)

SCHEDULE 1 – SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	2018						
	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Il (Negative)		2017
Other financing sources (uses)							
Sale of capital assets Transfers to other funds	\$	13,200 (5,169)	\$	3,261 (4,203)	\$	(9,939) 966	\$ 765 (9,325)
Total other financing sources (uses)		8,031		(942)		(8,973)	 (8,560)
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures and other financing uses	(1,021,368)		(471,738)		549,630	(606,098)
Appropriated fund balance		1,021,368			(1,021,368)	
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) and appropriated fund balance over expenditures	\$			(471,738)	\$	(471,738)	(606,098)
Fund balance Beginning of year - July 1				2,033,612			2,639,710
End of year - June 30			\$	1,561,874			\$ 2,033,612

SCHEDULE 2 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			:	2018			
						riance ositive	
	B	udget		Actual	(Ne	gative)	 2017
Revenues							
Investment earnings	\$		\$	643	\$	643	\$ 201
Expenditures							
Capital outlay		5,000		-		5,000	-
Reserve for Ambulance		25,000		25,000			 <u>-</u> _
		30,000		25,000		5,000	-
Revenues over expenditures		(30,000)		(24,357)		5,643	 201
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from other funds		20,000		20,000			E 000
Transfers from other funds		30,000		30,000			 5,000 5,000
		30,000		30,000		<u>-</u>	 3,000
Revenues and other financing sources (uses)	\$			5,643	\$	5,643	5,201
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1				62,198			 56,997
End of year - June 30			\$	67,841			\$ 62,198

SCHEDULE 3 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – REVALUATION FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2018		
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2017
Revenues Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 270	\$ 270	\$ 445
Expenditures Contract services	26,265		26,265	105,240
Revenues over expenditures	(26,265)	270	26,535	(104,795)
Appropriated fund balance	26,265	-	(26,265)	104,795
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) and appropriated fund balance over expenditures	\$ -	270	\$ 270	
Fund balances Beginning of year - July 1		22,711		127,506
End of year - June 30		\$ 22,981		\$ 22,711

SCHEDULE 4 – COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

	Tele	rgency phone m Fund		School Capital Outlay Fund	Mi	Flood tigation sistance		Total onmajor Special Revenue Funds
Assets Restricted cash and investments	\$	-	\$	220,316	\$	-	\$	220,316
Due from other governments Accounts receivable		<u>-</u>		90,526		1,219 		91,745
Total assets	\$		\$	310,842	\$	1,219	\$	312,061
Liabilities:								
Due to other funds	\$		\$		\$	1,219	\$	1,219
Total liabilities				-		1,219		1,219
Fund balances:								
Restricted:				00 526				00 526
Stabilization by state statute School capital outlay		_		90,526 220,316		-		90,526 220,316
Total fund balances			-	310,842			-	310,842
				210,012				310,012
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	_	\$	310,842	\$	1,219	\$	312,061
or resources and fund balances	Ψ		Ψ	010,042	Ψ	1,213	Ψ	012,001

SCHEDULE 4 – COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2018

	S P	Road Street roject Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds			ll Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets						
Restricted cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	220,316
Due from other governments Accounts receivable		- 9,177		- 9,177		91,745 9,177
Total assets	\$	9,177	\$	9,177	\$	321,238
Liabilities: Due to other funds Total liabilities	_\$	9,177 9,177	\$	9,177 9,177	_\$_	10,396 10,396
Fund balances: Restricted:				,,,,		,
Stabilization by state statute		-		-		90,526
School capital outlay						220,316
Total fund balances						310,842
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$	9,177	\$	9,177	\$	321,238

SCHEDULE 5 – COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Rev	enue Funds					
	Emergency Telephone System Fund	School Capital Outlay Fund	Flood Mitigation Assistance	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds				
Revenues								
Restricted intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ - 178	\$ 347,060 1,353	\$ 13,184 -	\$ 360,244 1,531				
Total revenues	178	348,413	13,184	361,775				
Expenditures								
General government	-	-	13,184	13,184				
Public safety	347,562	-	-	347,562				
Education	-	101,404	-	101,404				
Economic and physical development	-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-				
Debt service		404 505		404.505				
Note principal	-	184,535	-	184,535				
Interest and fees	347,562	22,274	13,184	22,274				
Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues	347,302	308,213	13,104	668,959				
over (under) expenditures	(347,384)	40,200		(307,184)				
Other financing sources (uses)								
Other	-	-	-	_				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-				
Transfers out		(30,966)		(30,966)				
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	-	(30,966)		(30,966)				
Net change in fund balances	(347,384)	9,234	-	(338,150)				
Fund balance - beginning	347,384	301,608		648,992				
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ 310,842	\$ -	\$ 310,842				

SCHEDULE 5 – COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

		С	Capital Project Fund	ds	
	Cahoon Center Site Improvements Project	Estuarine Access Park Fund	Road Street Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 99,830	\$ 15,302	\$ 115,132	\$ 475,376
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	1,531
Total revenues		99,830	15,302	115,132	476,907
Expenditures					
General government	-	-	_	-	13,184
Public safety	-	-	-	-	347,562
Education	-	-	-	-	101,404
Economic and phyiscal development	-	-	15,302	15,302	15,302
Capital outlay	1,975	106,254	-	108,229	108,229
Debt service					
Note principal	-	-	-	-	184,535
Interest and fees					22,274
Total expenditures	1,975	106,254	15,302	123,531	792,490
	(1,975)	(6,424)		(8,399)	(315,583)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Other	-	1,255	_	1,255	1,255
Transfers in	-	5,169	-	5,169	5,169
Transfers out					(30,966)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)		6,424		6,424	(24,542)
Net change in fund balances	(1,975)	-	-	(1,975)	(340,125)
Fund balance - beginning	1,975			1,975	650,967
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 310,842

SCHEDULE 6 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			2018			
				٧	ariance	
				P	ositive	
	Bu	dget	Actual	(N	egative)	2017
Revenues						
Restricted intergovernmental						
revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 73,568
Interest earned on investments		-	 178		178	 159_
Total revenues		_	178		178	73,727
						,
Expenditures						
Addressing function		-	-		-	22
Other operating expenditures		-	347,562		(347,562)	24,711
Capital outlay			 			 5,655
Total expenditures			347,562		(347,562)	30,388
Revenues and other financing						
sources (uses) and appropriated						
fund balance over expenditures	\$		(347,384)	\$	(347,384)	 43,339
Fund balances						
Beginning of year - July 1			 347,384			 304,045
End of year - June 30			\$ 			\$ 347,384

SCHEDULE 7 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2018		
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	2017
Revenues				
Restricted intergovernmental revenue				
Local option sales tax - Article 40	\$ 153,000	\$ 148,145	\$ (4,855)	\$ 155,552
Local option sales tax - Artcle 42	66,000	73,148	7,148	60,413
Local option sales tax - Article 44	121,000	125,767	4,767	117,529
Public school building capital fund - lottery	-	-	-	40,000
Investment earnings	200	1,353	1,153	482
Total revenues	340,200	348,413	8,213	373,976
Expenditures				
Insurance	4,750	3,729	1,021	3,503
Capital outlay	97,675	97,675	-	120,000
Debt service				
Note principal	184,535	184,535	-	180,887
Interest and fees	22,274	22,274		25,922
Total expenditures	309,234	308,213	1,021	330,312
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to other funds	(30,966)	(30,966)		
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	9,234	\$ 9,234	43,664
Fund balances				
Beginning of year - July 1		301,608		257,944
End of year - June 30		\$ 310,842		\$ 301,608

SCHEDULE 8 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – FLOOD MITIGATION ASSISTANCE FUND

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Restricted intergovernmental FMA	\$ 174,720	\$ 1,294	\$ 13,184	\$ 14,478	\$ 160,242
Expenditures Program costs	174,720	1,294	13,184	14,478	160,242
Total expenditures	174,720	1,294	13,184	14,478	160,242
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	<u> </u>	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance Beginning of year - July 1					
End of year - June 30			\$ -		

SCHEDULE 9 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAHOON CENTER SITE IMPROVEMENT PROJECT FUND

	Project Authorization		<u>-</u>		urrent Year	Total to Date		P	ariance ositive egative)	
Revenues										
Restricted Intergovernmental										
Community Development Block	Φ.	00.044	Φ.	07.000	Φ.		Φ.	07.000	Φ.	(4.004)
Grant	\$	99,611	\$	97,690	\$		\$	97,690	_\$_	(1,921)
Expenditures										
Construction		64,350		82,735		-		82,735		(18,385)
Engineering		9,400		7,605		_		7,605		1,795
Inspections		7,100		_		-		-		7,100
Legal		1,000		_		-		-		1,000
Permitting		1,500		-		_		-		1,500
Advertisement		1,000		375		_		375		625
Administration		5,000		5,000		1,975		6,975		(1,975)
Contingency		10,261		-		-		-		10,261
Total expenditures		99,611		95,715		1,975		97,690		1,921
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers to other funds										
Total other financing sources										
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	1,975		(1,975)	\$		\$	
Fund balance Beginning of year - July 1						1,975				
End of year - June 30					\$	<u>-</u>				

SCHEDULE 10 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ESTUARINE ACCESS PARK PROJECT FUND

	roject orization		Prior Current Total to Years Year Date		Prior Years				Varia Posi (Nega	tive
Revenues Restricted Intergovernmental Public Beach & Coastal Waterfront Access Program										
Grant	\$ 99,830	\$	_	\$	99,830	\$	99,830	\$	_	
Total revenues	 99,830	_			99,830		99,830		-	
Expenditures										
Permit and design fees Site Improvement costs	8,650		4,325		4,325		8,650		-	
Materials	54,798		-		54,798		54,798		-	
Labor	46,381		-		46,381		46,381		-	
Administration	1,101		351		750		1,101		-	
Total expenditures	110,930		4,676		106,254		110,930		-	
Revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(11,100)		(4,676)		(6,424)		(11,100)		-	
Other financing sources										
Transfers from other funds	9,494		4,325		5,169		9,494		-	
County inkind match	 1,606		351		1,255		1,606		-	
Total other financing sources	11,100		4,676		6,424		11,100		-	
Revenues, other financing										
sources (uses) over (under)										
expenditures	\$ 	\$			-	\$		\$		
Fund balance Beginning of year - July 1										
End of year - June 30				\$						

SCHEDULE 11 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ROAD STREET PROJECT FUND

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Restricted Intergovernmental NC Department of Commerce					
Critical Needs Grant	\$ 422,161	\$ 2,625	\$ 15,302	\$ 17,927	\$ (404,234)
Expenditures					
Road improvements	772,161	2,625	15,302	17,927	754,234
Revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(350,000)	-	-	-	350,000
Other financing sources (uses)					
NCDOT contribution	325,000	_	-	_	(325,000)
County contribution	25,000				(25,000)
Total other financing sources	350,000				(350,000)
Revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Fund balance Beginning of year - July 1					
End of year - June 30			\$ -		

SCHEDULE 12 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PROPRIETARY FUND – WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS

			2018				
	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		2017	
Operating revenues					<u> </u>		•
Water:							
Charges for services		\$	1,012,237			\$ 980,482	
Connection fees			13,025			13,434	
Tap fees			3,000			15,312	
Late fees			21,075			20,596	
Other operating revenues			53,615			568	_
Total Water Operating Revenues Sewer:	\$ 1,092,640		1,102,952	\$	10,312	1,030,392	
Charges for services			254,757			77,760	
Other miscellaneous revenue			-			1,505	
Total Sewer Operating Revenues	178,000		254,757		76,757	79,265	
Total operating revenues	1,270,640		1,357,709		87,069	1,109,657	
Nonoperating revenues and other financing sources Interest earned on investments Total Nonoperating revenues and	5,000		6,377		1,377	2,778	-
other financing sources	5,000		6,377		1,377	2,778	-
Total revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriations	1,275,640		1,364,086		88,446	1,112,435	
Operating expenditures Water expenditures							
Salaries and employee benefits			356,106			388,083	
Operating expenditures			561,245			350,899	
Total water expenditures Sewer expenditures	977,265		917,351		59,914	738,982	
Salaries and employee benefits			30,071			7,271	
Operating expenditures			116,935			104,531	
Total sewer expenditures	164,580	-	147,006		17,574	111,802	•
Total operating expenditures	1,141,845	-	1,064,357		77,488	850,784	•
, , ,			· · ·				-

SCHEDULE 12 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PROPRIETARY FUND – WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

		2018		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	2017
Other expenditures and financing				
(sources) uses				
Principal payments	56,000	56,000	-	54,000
Interest and fees	131,788	131,788	-	102,463
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	30,915
Total other expenditures and				
financing uses	187,788	187,788		187,378
Total expenditures and other				
financing uses	1,329,633	1,252,145	77,488	1,038,162
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-	21,530
Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	(21,530)
Appropriated fund balance	53,993	<u> </u>	(53,993)	
Total other financing sources	53,993		(53,993)	
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$ 111,941	\$ 111,941	\$ 74,273

SCHEDULE 12 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PROPRIETARY FUND – WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

Total revenues and other financing	
sources	\$ 1,364,086
Total expenditures and other	
financing uses	1,252,145
9	111,941
Debt principal	56,000
Depreciation	(456,350)
Increase (decrease) in deferred	
outflows of resources - pensions	(21,718)
(Increase) decrease in net pension	
liability	22,131
(Increase) decrease in deferred	
inflows of resources- pensions	1,365
(Increase) decrease in compensated	
absences	7,003
OPEB expense	(18,453)
Capitalized expenses	227,455
Capital contributions from Alligator	
Sewer Project Fund	2,136,402
Total reconciling items	1,953,835
Change in net position	\$ 2,065,776

SCHEDULE 13 – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ALLIGATOR SEWER PROJECT FUND

	Au	Project thorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total to Date
Revenues					
Restricted Intergovernmental					
Community Development Block Grant	\$	2,997,000	\$ 558,386	\$2,136,402	\$2,694,788
Total revenues		2,997,000	558,386	2,136,402	2,694,788
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Sewer improvements		2,698,500	478,581	2,201,727	2,680,308
Sewer connections		17,500	-	-	-
Administration		298,500	94,081	33,260	127,341
Total expenditures		3,014,500	572,662	2,234,987	2,807,649
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(17,500)	(14,276)	(98,585)	(112,861)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds		17,500			
Total other financing sources		17,500			
Revenues and other financing					
sources over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$ (14,276)	\$ (98,585)	\$ (112,861)

SCHEDULE 14 – COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2018	
Social Services:		_						
Assets	Φ.	40.070	Φ.	00.004	Φ.	40.550	Φ.	200
Cash and investments	\$	16,270	\$	33,684	\$	49,558	\$	396
Liabilities Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	16 270	¢	22 604	¢	40 EE9	æ	396
Miscellaneous liabilities	<u> </u>	16,270	\$	33,684		49,558	\$	390
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Assets Cash and investments	\$		\$	99,879	\$	99,879	\$	
Liabilities	Ψ		Ψ	99,019	Φ	99,019	Φ	_
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	_	\$	99,879	\$	99,879	\$	_
Dood of Trusts	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,	<u>- · </u>	
Deed of Trust: Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	273	\$	2,474	\$	2,610	\$	137
Liabilities	<u> </u>		Ψ	<u></u>	<u> </u>	2,010	<u> </u>	107
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	273	\$	2,474	\$	2,610	\$	137
	<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
Total - All Agency Funds: Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	16,543	\$	136,037	\$	152,047	\$	533
Liabilities				<u>, </u>		<u> </u>	-	
Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	16,543	\$	136,037	\$	152,047	\$	533

SCHEDULE 15 – SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

JUNE 30, 2018

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018		
2017-2018	\$ -	\$ 3,914,239	\$ 3,715,343	\$ 198,896		
2016-2017	190,043	-	83,779	106,264		
2015-2016	110,316	-	43,598	66,718		
2014-2015	53,157	-	10,357	42,800		
2013-2014	36,341	-	4,632	31,709		
2012-2013	31,650	-	3,550	28,100		
2011-2012	23,743	-	2,745	20,998		
2010-2011	26,040	-	2,755	23,285		
2009-2010	18,194	-	2,135	16,059		
2008-2009	21,747	-	7,122	14,625		
2007-2008	16,138		16,138	_		
	\$ 527,369	\$ 3,914,239	\$ 3,892,154	\$ 549,454		
Ad valorem taxes receivable - net				\$ 549,454		
Reconcilement with revenues: Ad valorem taxes - General Fund				\$ 3,905,286		
Reconciling items				Ψ 0,000,200		
Refunds				5,909		
Penalties paid				2,689		
Abatements				24,966		
Interest and penalties collected				(46,943)		
Amounts written off for prior years				247		
Total reconciling items				(13,132)		
Fotal Collections and Credits				\$ 3,892,154		

SCHEDULE 16 – ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY – COUNTY-WIDE LEVY

		Cou	ınty Wide			Total Levy			
Original Levy:	Propei Valuati	•	Rate	Amou Le		E R	Property Excluding egistered Motor Vehicles		egistered Motor /ehicles
Property taxed at Current								_	aa =a.a
Year Rates	\$ 412,60		0.83	\$ 3,42		\$	3,177,872	\$	246,790
Penalties Public Utilities	44.0	N/A	0.00		2,793		2,793		-
Solid Waste	11,9	38,520 N/A	0.83		99,090 03,400		99,090 403,400		-
Total	424,54	48,391			29,945		3,683,155		246,790
Discoveries:									
Current year taxes	,	21,205	0.83		176		176		_
Solid Waste		_			200		200		-
Total		21,205			376		376		-
Abatements:	(1,93	37,590)		(16,082)		(16,082)		
Total Property Valuation	\$ 422,63	32,006							
Net levy Uncollected taxes at				3,9	14,239		3,667,449		246,790
June 30, 2018				19	98,896		197,554		1,342
Current year's taxes collected				\$ 3,7	15,343	\$	3,469,895	\$	245,448
Current net levy collection percentage					94.92%		94.61%		99.46%



Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of County Commissioners Tyrrell County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tyrrell County, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2018. Our report includes a reference to another auditor, who audited the financial statements of the Tyrrell County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "Board"), as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by the other auditor. The financial statements of the Board and Tyrrell County Development Authority (the "Authority") were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 30, 2018

Chumy Belaert LLP



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Board of County Commissioners Tyrrell County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tyrrell County, North Carolina (the "County"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Tyrrell County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "Board"), a discretely presented component unit. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of this component unit since it was audited by other auditors.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; Title 2 U.S. Code of *Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 30, 2018

Chuny Belaert LLP



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Board of County Commissioners Tyrrell County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Tyrrell County, North Carolina (the "County"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The County's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Tyrrell County Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "Board"), a discretely presented component unit. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of this component unit since it was audited by other auditors.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its State programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of *Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 30, 2018

Chumy Bellaert LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I. Summary of	Auditor's Results	
Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
 Significant deficiency identified that is not considered to be material weakness 	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
Material weakness identified?	yes	X_ no
Significant deficiency identified that is not considered to be material weakness	yes	<u>X</u> no
Noncompliance material to federal awards	yes	X no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major fede	ral programs: Unm	odified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	_X no

Public Beach & Coastal Waterfront Access Program

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results (continued) Identification of major federal programs: CFDA# Program Name 14.228 Community Development Block Grant Federal programs that did not meet the criteria for a major program using the criteria discussed in the Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a) but were tested as a major program because the State awards met the threshold for a major State program or were required to be tested as major by the State are included in the list of major federal programs. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X__no yes State Awards Internal control over major State programs: Material weakness identified? X no yes Significant deficiency identified that is not considered to be material weakness yes X no Noncompliance material to State awards X no ____ yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act _X_ no yes Identification of major State programs: Hurricane Matthew Debris Removal

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV. State Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Section V. Status of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding: 2017-001

Status: Corrected

Finding: 2017-002

Status: This program includes split eligibility compliance requirements that are no longer reported on the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards. As such, no determination if the finding has been properly corrected in accordance with Uniform Grant Guidance was completed.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures (Direct and Pass-Through)	State Expenditures	Passed to Subrecipients
Federal Awards:					
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed-Through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Division of Social Services:					
Administration:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the					
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	XXXX	\$ 110,520	\$ -	\$ -
Total U.S. Dept. of Agriculture			110,520		
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed -through NC Dept of Public Safety Division of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Mgmt Performance Grant	97.042		19,321	19,321	_
Passed - through Washington County:			,	ŕ	
Local Emergency Management Performance Grant Tier II	97.042		1,000	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security			20,321	19,321	
U.S Department of Emergency Management					
F.E.M.A - Hurricane Matthew Disaster Relief	97.029		6,043	2,014	_
Flood Mitigation Assistance	97.029		13,184	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Emergency Management			19,227	2,014	
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Passed-through the NC Dept of Health and Human Services: Division of Social Services: Foster Care and Adoption Cluster:					
Title IV-E Foster Care - CPS	93.658		3,689	246	-
Title IV-E Foster Care - Adoption Subsidy	93.659		4,705	1,133	-
Title IV-E Foster Care - Administration	93.659		1,427		
Total Foster Care Adoption Cluster (Note 5)			9,821	1,379	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Cluster:					
TANF Payments and Penalties	93.558		4,852	-	-
Work First - Services	93.558		45,309	-	-
Work First - Nonreimbursable Work First - Administration	93.558 93.558		21,896	-	-
Total TANF Cluster (Note 5)	93.330		72,057		-
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance:					
Energy Assistance Payment - Direct Benefit Payments	93.568		26,600	-	-
Administration	93.568		3,792	-	-
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568		23,088 53,480		
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		(5,445)	-	-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (CONTINUED)

			Federal		
	Federal		Expenditures		
	CFDA	State/Pass-Through	(Direct and	State	Passed to
Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	Pass-Through)	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Conial Comings Block County					
Social Services Block Grant: SSBG - Other Services and Training	93.667		\$ 43,216	\$ -	\$ -
SODG - Other Services and Training	93.007		φ 43,210	5 -	φ -
Child Welfare Services - Permanency Planning	93.645		5,812	-	-
Child Support Enforcement Administration	93.563		37,128	-	-
Family preservation	93.556		4,246	-	-
Administration:					
State Children's Insurance Program - NC Health Choice	93.767		14,778	8	
Total State Children's NC Health Choice			14,778	8	-
Subsidized Child Care (Note 5)					
Child Care Development Fund Cluster:					
Division of Social Services					
Child Care Development Fund - Administration	93.596		67,315	-	-
Division of Child Development					
Child Care Development Fund - Discretionary	93.575		5,781	-	-
Child Care Development Fund - Mandatory	93.596		762	-	-
Child Care Development Fund - Match	93.596				
Total Child Care Fund Cluster:			73,858		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		620		
Total Subsidized Child Care Cluster Note 5			620		
			74,478	-	-
Passed-through the NC Dept of Health and Human Services:					
Division of Medical Assistance:					
Medical Assistance Administration	93.778		335,699	934	-
Medical Assistance Transpiration Administration	93.778		51,350	-	-
State County Special Assistance	93.778		8,612		
Total Medical Assistance Program			395,661	934	-
Passed-through the NC Dept of Health and Human Services:					
Division of Aging and Adult Services:					
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C	93.045		4,197	-	-
Passed through NC Dept of Insurance					
Senior Health Insurance Program	93.324		1,240	-	-
Medicare Improvement for Patients & Providers Act	93.071		1,000	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services			711,669	2,321	
U.S. Department of Justice					
Direct Programs					
Criminal Division					
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922		4,194	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Justice			4,194		
Total 0.3. Dept. of dustice			4,194		
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development					
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Environmental Quality:					
Division of Water Infrastructure:					
Infrastructure - Alligator	14.228		2,136,402	-	-
Total U.S. Dept. of Housing & Urban Development			2,136,402		
Total Federal Programs			3,002,333	23,656	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS (CONTINUED)

Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures (Direct and Pass-Through)	State Expenditures	Passed to Subrecipients
State Awards:					
N.C. Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services					
Division of Soil and Water Conservation:					
Hurricane Matthew Debris Removal			\$ -	\$ 150,189	\$ -
Agriculture Cost Share Program		XXXX		21,047	
Total N.C. Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services				171,236	
N.C. Department of Environmental Quality					
Division of Coastal Management:					
White Goods Mgmt Program		XXXX	-	2,249	-
Scrap Tire Program		XXXX	-	5,590	-
Public Beach & Coastal Waterfront Access Program		XXXX	-	99,830	-
Total N.C. Department of Environmental Quality				107,669	
N.C. Department of Commerce					
Division of Rural Economic Development:					
Critical Needs Infrastructure Grants		2017-130-3214-2593	-	15,302	_
Total N.C. Department of Commerce			_	15,302	
North Carolina Department of Transportation Rural Operating Assistance Program ROAP Elderly & Disabled Transportation Assistance Program		DOT-16CL		87,462	
Total N.C. Department of Transportation				87,462	
N.C. Department of Public Safety					
Juvenile Crime Prevention Program		XXXX		46,894	46,894
Total N.C. Department of Public Safety				46,894	46,894
N.C. Department of Administration					
Veterans Service		XXXX		265	
Total N.C. Department of Administration				265	
N.C. Department of Health & Human Services Division of Aging:					
Senior Center General Purpose Grant		XXXX	_	3,647	_
Division of Social Services:		. 2001		5,5.7	
Administration:					
Child Welfare Services Adoption Subsidy		XXXX	_	11,293	_
ST Child Welfare		XXXX	_	1,100	_
AFDC Incent/Prog Integrit		XXXX	-	115	_
SAA/SAD HB 1030		XXXX	_	2,040	_
SC/SA Domiciliary Care Payment		XXXX	-	27,364	-
Total N.C. Department of Administration				45,559	
Total State Programs			_	474,387	46,894
Total Assistance			\$ 3,002,333	\$ 498,043	\$ 46,894

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards ("SEFSA") includes the federal and State grant activity of the County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County.

Note 2—Summary of significant accounting policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3—Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care, Foster Care and Adoption, and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families.